## Zilker Metro Park – Barton Springs Pool Bathhouse Rehabilitation Recharge Zone Exception Request

City of Austin

- Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page (TCEQ-20705)
- General Information Form (TCEQ-0587)
  - Attachment A Road Map
  - Attachment B USGS / Edwards Recharge Zone Map
  - Attachment C Project Description
- Geologic Assessment Form (TCEQ-0585), if necessary
  - Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table (TCEQ-0585-Table)
  - Attachment B Stratigraphic Column
  - Attachment C Narrative of Site-Specific Geology
  - Attachment D Site Geologic Map(s)
- Recharge and Transition Zone Exception Request Form (TCEQ-0628)
  - Attachment A Nature of Exception
  - Attachment B Documentation of Equivalent Water Quality Protection
- Temporary Stormwater Section (TCEQ-0602), if necessary
  - Attachment A Spill Response Actions
  - Attachment B Potential Sources of Contamination
  - Attachment C Sequence of Major Activities
  - Attachment D Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures
  - Attachment E Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature (if sealing a feature)
  - Attachment F Structural Practices
  - Attachment G Drainage Area Map
  - Attachment H Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations
  - Attachment I Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs
  - Attachment J Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices
- Agent Authorization Form (TCEQ-0599)
- Fee Application Form (TCEQ-0574)
- Core Data Form (TCEQ-10400)

#### **Texas Commission on Environmental Quality**

## **Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page**

#### **Our Review of Your Application**

The Edwards Aquifer Program staff conducts an administrative and technical review of all applications. The turnaround time for administrative review can be up to 30 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Generally administrative completeness is determined during the intake meeting or within a few days of receipt. The turnaround time for technical review of an administratively complete Edwards Aquifer application is 90 days as outlined in 30 TAC 213.4(e). Please know that the review and approval time is directly impacted by the quality and completeness of the initial application that is received. In order to conduct a timely review, it is imperative that the information provided in an Edwards Aquifer application include final plans, be accurate, complete, and in compliance with 30 TAC 213.

#### **Administrative Review**

- Edwards Aquifer applications must be deemed administratively complete before a technical review can begin. To be considered administratively complete, the application must contain completed forms and attachments, provide the requested information, and meet all the site plan requirements. The submitted application and plan sheets should be final plans. Please submit one full-size set of plan sheets with the original application, and half-size sets with the additional copies.
  - To ensure that all applicable documents are included in the application, the program has developed tools to guide you and web pages to provide all forms, checklists, and guidance. Please visit the below website for assistance: <a href="http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp">http://www.tceq.texas.gov/field/eapp</a>.
- 2. This Edwards Aquifer Application Cover Page form (certified by the applicant or agent) must be included in the application and brought to the administrative review meeting.
- 3. Administrative reviews are scheduled with program staff who will conduct the review. Applicants or their authorized agent should call the appropriate regional office, according to the county in which the project is located, to schedule a review. The average meeting time is one hour.
- 4. In the meeting, the application is examined for administrative completeness. Deficiencies will be noted by staff and emailed or faxed to the applicant and authorized agent at the end of the meeting, or shortly after. Administrative deficiencies will cause the application to be deemed incomplete and returned.
  - An appointment should be made to resubmit the application. The application is re-examined to ensure all deficiencies are resolved. The application will only be deemed administratively complete when all administrative deficiencies are addressed.
- 5. If an application is received by mail, courier service, or otherwise submitted without a review meeting, the administrative review will be conducted within 30 days. The applicant and agent will be contacted with the results of the administrative review. If the application is found to be administratively incomplete, it can be retrieved from the regional office or returned by regular mail. If returned by mail, the regional office may require arrangements for return shipping.
- 6. If the geologic assessment was completed before October 1, 2004 and the site contains "possibly sensitive" features, the assessment must be updated in accordance with the *Instructions to Geologists* (TCEQ-0585 Instructions).

#### **Technical Review**

- 1. When an application is deemed administratively complete, the technical review period begins. The regional office will distribute copies of the application to the identified affected city, county, and groundwater conservation district whose jurisdiction includes the subject site. These entities and the public have 30 days to provide comments on the application to the regional office. All comments received are reviewed by TCEQ.
- 2. A site assessment is usually conducted as part of the technical review, to evaluate the geologic assessment and observe existing site conditions. The site must be accessible to our staff. The site boundaries should be

- clearly marked, features identified in the geologic assessment should be flagged, roadways marked and the alignment of the Sewage Collection System and manholes should be staked at the time the application is submitted. If the site is not marked the application may be returned.
- 3. We evaluate the application for technical completeness and contact the applicant and agent via Notice of Deficiency (NOD) to request additional information and identify technical deficiencies. There are two deficiency response periods available to the applicant. There are 14 days to resolve deficiencies noted in the first NOD. If a second NOD is issued, there is an additional 14 days to resolve deficiencies. If the response to the second notice is not received, is incomplete or inadequate, or provides new information that is incomplete or inadequate, the application must be withdrawn or will be denied. Please note that because the technical review is underway, whether the application is withdrawn or denied **the application fee will be forfeited**.
- 4. The program has 90 calendar days to complete the technical review of the application. If the application is technically adequate, such that it complies with the Edwards Aquifer rules, and is protective of the Edwards Aquifer during and after construction, an approval letter will be issued. Construction or other regulated activity may not begin until an approval is issued.

#### **Mid-Review Modifications**

It is important to have final site plans prior to beginning the permitting process with TCEQ to avoid delays.

Occasionally, circumstances arise where you may have significant design and/or site plan changes after your Edwards Aquifer application has been deemed administratively complete by TCEQ. This is considered a "Mid-Review Modification". Mid-Review Modifications may require redistribution of an application that includes the proposed modifications for public comment.

If you are proposing a Mid-Review Modification, two options are available:

- If the technical review has begun your application can be denied/withdrawn, your fees will be forfeited, and the plan will have to be resubmitted.
- TCEQ can continue the technical review of the application as it was submitted, and a modification application can be submitted at a later time.

If the application is denied/withdrawn, the resubmitted application will be subject to the administrative and technical review processes and will be treated as a new application. The application will be redistributed to the affected jurisdictions.

Please contact the regional office if you have questions. If your project is located in Williamson, Travis, or Hays County, contact TCEQ's Austin Regional Office at 512-339-2929. If your project is in Comal, Bexar, Medina, Uvalde, or Kinney County, contact TCEQ's San Antonio Regional Office at 210-490-3096

Please fill out all required fields below and submit with your application.

1. Regulated Entity Name: Zilker Metro Park – Barton Springs Pool Bathhouse Rehabilitation				2. Regulated Entity No.: N/A					
3. Customer Name: City of Austin		<b>4. Customer No.:</b> CN 600135198							
5. Project Type: (Please circle/check one)	New	New Modification			Exter	sion	Exception		
6. Plan Type: (Please circle/check one)	WPAP	CZP	SCS	UST	AST	EXP	EXT	Technical Clarification	Optional Enhanced Measures
7. Land Use: (Please circle/check one)	Resider	ntial (	Non-r	Non-residential			8. Sit	e (acres):	69.49 Gross site area 1.1 Net Site Area
9. Application Fee:	\$500		10. Permanent B			BMP(s	s):	Vegetative Filte	er Strip, Bio Filtration
11. SCS (Linear Ft.):	100 LF		12. AST/UST (No			o. Tar	o. Tanks): NA		
13. County:	Travis		14. Watershed:					Barton Creek	

## **Application Distribution**

Instructions: Use the table below to determine the number of applications required. One original and one copy of the application, plus additional copies (as needed) for each affected incorporated city, county, and groundwater conservation district are required. Linear projects or large projects, which cross into multiple jurisdictions, can require additional copies. Refer to the "Texas Groundwater Conservation Districts within the EAPP Boundaries" map found at:

http://www.tceq.texas.gov/assets/public/compliance/field\_ops/eapp/EAPP%20GWCD%20map.pdf

For more detailed boundaries, please contact the conservation district directly.

Austin Region						
County:	Hays	Travis	Williamson			
Original (1 req.)	_	_1_	_			
Region (1 req.)		_1_	_			
County(ies)	_	_1_				
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer AuthorityBarton Springs/ Edwards AquiferHays TrinityPlum Creek	_1_Barton Springs/ Edwards Aquifer	NA			
City(ies) Jurisdiction	AustinBudaDripping SpringsKyleMountain CitySan MarcosWimberleyWoodcreek	_1_AustinBee CavePflugervilleRollingwoodRound RockSunset ValleyWest Lake Hills	AustinCedar ParkFlorenceGeorgetownJerrellLeanderLiberty HillPflugervilleRound Rock			

San Antonio Region						
County:	Bexar	Comal	Kinney	Medina	Uvalde	
Original (1 req.)	_		_	_		
Region (1 req.)	_				_	
County(ies)	_		_		_	
Groundwater Conservation District(s)	Edwards Aquifer Authority Trinity-Glen Rose	Edwards Aquifer Authority	Kinney	EAA Medina	EAA Uvalde	
City(ies) Jurisdiction	Castle HillsFair Oaks RanchHelotesHill Country VillageHollywood ParkSan Antonio (SAWS)Shavano Park	Bulverde Fair Oaks Ranch Garden Ridge New Braunfels Schertz	NA	San Antonio ETJ (SAWS)	NA	

I certify that to the best of my knowledge, that the application is hereby submitted to TCEQ for adm		
Tom Curran		
Print Name of Customer/Authorized Agent		
The	12/7/2023	
Signature of Customer/Authorized Agent	Date	

**FOR TCEQ INTERNAL USE ONLY**				
Date(s)Reviewed:	Date Administratively Complete:			
Received From:	Correct Number of Copies:			
Received By:	Distribution Date:			
EAPP File Number: Complex:				
Admin. Review(s) (No.):	No. AR Rounds:			
Delinquent Fees (Y/N):	Review Time Spent:			
Lat./Long. Verified:	SOS Customer Verification:			
Agent Authorization Complete/Notarized (Y/N):	Payable to TCEQ (Y/N):			
Core Data Form Complete (Y/N):	Check: Signed (Y/N):			
Core Data Form Incomplete Nos.:	Less than 90 days old (Y/N):			

## **General Information Form**

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** 

For Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge and Transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.4(b) & §213.5(b)(2)(A), (B) Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

## Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **General Information Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review. The application was prepared by:

was prepared by.	
Print Name of Customer/Agent: <u>Tom Curran</u>	
Date: <u>12/7/2023</u>	
Signature of Customer/Agent:	

## **Project Information**

• •	roject information	
1.	<ol> <li>Regulated Entity Name: <u>Zilker Metro Park – Barton S</u></li> </ol>	prings Pool Bathhouse Rehabilitation
2.	2. County: <u>Travis</u>	
3.	3. Stream Basin: <u>Barton Creek</u>	
4.	4. Groundwater Conservation District (If applicable): <u>Ba</u>	arton Springs / Edwards Aquifer
5.	5. Edwards Aquifer Zone:	
	Recharge Zone Transition Zone	
6.	5. Plan Type:	
	WPAP SCS Modification	AST UST Exception Request

/.	Customer (Applicant):	
	Contact Person: Riley Triggs, AIA Entity: City of Austin Mailing Address: PO Box 1088 City, State: Austin, TX Telephone: 512/636-3521 Email Address: Riley.Triggs@austintexas.gov	Zip: <u>78767</u> FAX:
8.	Agent/Representative (If any):	
	Contact Person: <u>Tom Curran</u> Entity: <u>Doucet &amp; Associates, Inc.</u> Mailing Address: <u>7401B Hwy 71 West. Suite 160</u> City, State: <u>Austin, TX</u> Telephone: <u>512/583-2623</u> Email Address: <u>TCurran@kleinfelder.com</u>	Zip: <u>78735</u> FAX:
9.	Project Location:	
	The project site is located inside the city limits  The project site is located outside the city limit jurisdiction) of  The project site is not located within any city's	s but inside the ETJ (extra-territorial
10.	The location of the project site is described be detail and clarity so that the TCEQ's Regional s boundaries for a field investigation.	·
	Barton Springs Pool Bathhouse at 2201 Barton	Springs Road Austin, TX 78746
11.	Attachment A – Road Map. A road map show project site is attached. The project location at the map.	_
12.	Attachment B - USGS / Edwards Recharge Zor USGS Quadrangle Map (Scale: 1" = 2000') of the map(s) clearly show:	
	<ul> <li>☑ Project site boundaries.</li> <li>☑ USGS Quadrangle Name(s).</li> <li>☑ Boundaries of the Recharge Zone (and Trail</li> <li>☑ Drainage path from the project site to the</li> </ul>	
13.	The TCEQ must be able to inspect the project Sufficient survey staking is provided on the pro the boundaries and alignment of the regulated features noted in the Geologic Assessment.	pject to allow TCEQ regional staff to locate
	Survey staking will be completed by this date:	

14. Attachment C – Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
<ul> <li>Area of the site</li> <li>○ Offsite areas</li> <li>○ Impervious cover</li> <li>○ Permanent BMP(s)</li> <li>○ Proposed site use</li> <li>○ Site history</li> <li>○ Previous development</li> <li>○ Area(s) to be demolished</li> </ul>
15. Existing project site conditions are noted below:
<ul> <li>□ Existing commercial site</li> <li>□ Existing industrial site</li> <li>□ Existing residential site</li> <li>○ Existing paved and/or unpaved roads</li> <li>□ Undeveloped (Cleared)</li> <li>□ Undeveloped (Undisturbed/Uncleared)</li> <li>○ Other: Public Park</li> </ul>
Prohibited Activities
16. I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Recharge Zone and are not proposed for this project:
<ol> <li>Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 of this title (relating to Underground Injection Control);</li> </ol>
(2) New feedlot/concentrated animal feeding operations, as defined in 30 TAC §213.3;
(3) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1;
(4) The use of sewage holding tanks as parts of organized collection systems; and
(5) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41(b), (c), and (d) of this title (relating to Types of Municipal Solid Waste Facilities).
(6) New municipal and industrial wastewater discharges into or adjacent to water in the state that would create additional pollutant loading.
17. X I am aware that the following activities are prohibited on the Transition Zone and are not proposed for this project:
(1) Waste disposal wells regulated under 30 TAC Chapter 331 (relating to Underground

(2) Land disposal of Class I wastes, as defined in 30 TAC §335.1; and

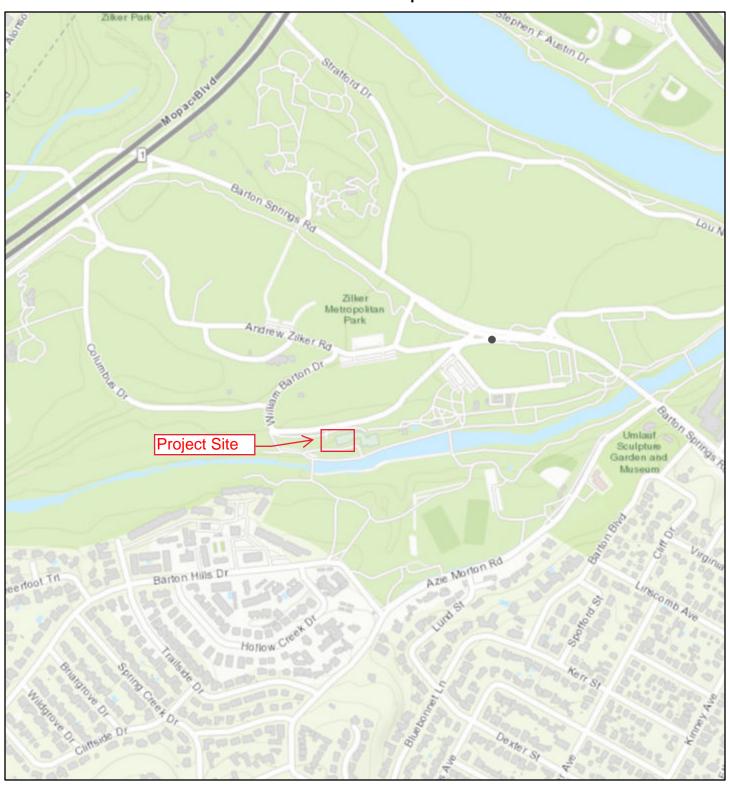
Injection Control);

(3) New municipal solid waste landfill facilities required to meet and comply with Type I standards which are defined in §330.41 (b), (c), and (d) of this title.

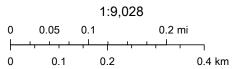
## **Administrative Information**

18.	The	e fee for the plan(s) is based on:
		For a Water Pollution Abatement Plan or Modification, the total acreage of the site where regulated activities will occur.  For an Organized Sewage Collection System Plan or Modification, the total linear footage of all collection system lines.  For a UST Facility Plan or Modification or an AST Facility Plan or Modification, the total number of tanks or piping systems.  A request for an exception to any substantive portion of the regulations related to the protection of water quality.  A request for an extension to a previously approved plan.
19.		Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is filed. If the correct fee is not submitted, the TCEQ is not required to consider the application until the correct fee is submitted. Both the fee and the Edwards Aquifer Fee Form have been sent to the Commission's:
		<ul> <li>☐ TCEQ cashier</li> <li>☐ Austin Regional Office (for projects in Hays, Travis, and Williamson Counties)</li> <li>☐ San Antonio Regional Office (for projects in Bexar, Comal, Kinney, Medina, and Uvalde Counties)</li> </ul>
20.		Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
21.		No person shall commence any regulated activity until the Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan(s) for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

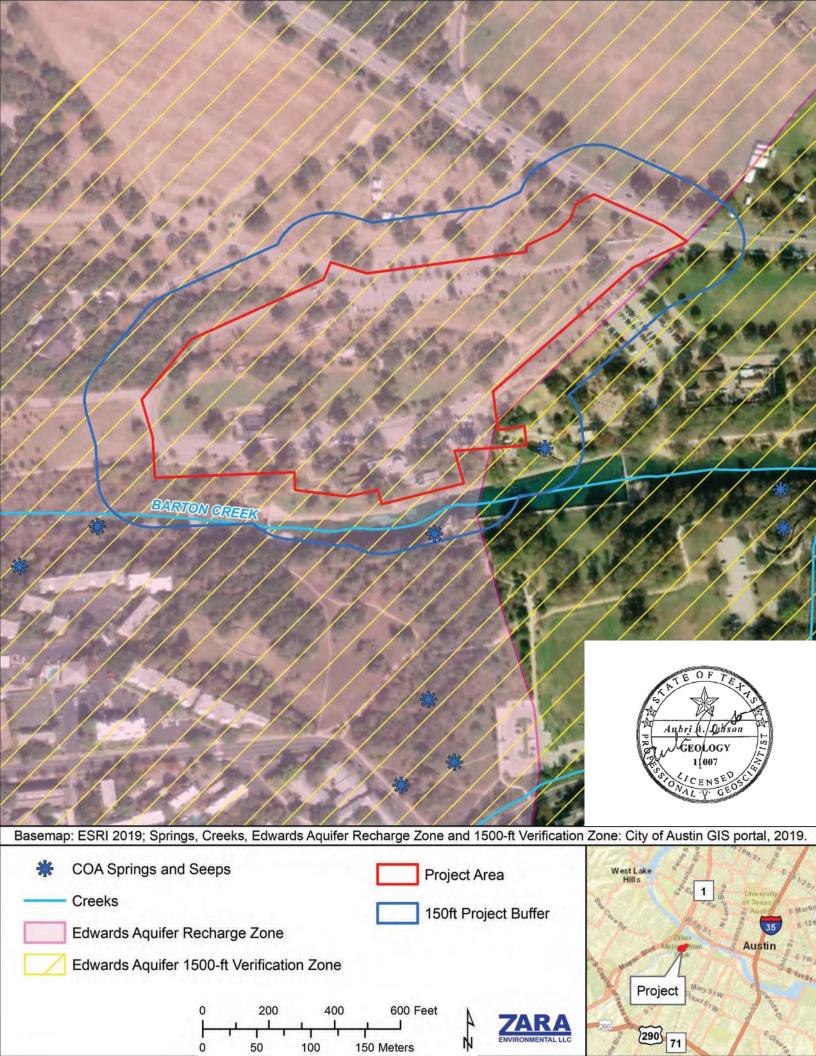
## Road Map



10/10/2023, 1:58:22 PM



Austin Community College, City of Austin, Texas Parks & Wildlife, Esri, HERE, Garmin, INCREMENT P, Intermap, USGS, METI/NASA, EPA, USDA





## Form 0587 - ATTACHMENT C Project Description

.4. Attachment C – Project Description. Attached at the end of this form is a detailed narrative description of the proposed project. The project description is consistent throughout the application and contains, at a minimum, the following details:
Area of the site
Offsite areas
Impervious cover
Permanent BMP(s)
Proposed site use
Site history
Previous development
🔀 Area(s) to be demolished

Ref: City of Austin Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation
Request for Exception from the Requirements of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Rules
30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213

On behalf of the City of Austin, Doucet is submitting this Exception Request from the TCEQ Water Pollution Abatement Plan 30 TAC 213.3 which exempts maintenance of existing structures from the definition of a regulated activity if the maintenance does not involve addition site disturbance and there is little or no potential for contaminating ground water.

The scope of site work proposed through this Exception Request is to rehabilitate the historic Barton Springs Bathhouse and provide accessibility, emergency response, and water quality enhancement from existing conditions. This project is also going through review by the City of Austin.

#### Introduction

The City of Austin's Parks and Recreation Department desires to rehabilitate aged internal and external facilities at the historic bathhouse. These improvements include:

- Life Safety Egress and ADA accessibility improvements to the Bathhouse and Barton Springs Pool perimeter area.
- Improved fire department access on west side of existing building
- Internal plumbing and roof drainage enhancement.
- Building flood flow resistant improvements for the existing structure that is within the floodplain.
- Rehabilitation of rotunda and dressing areas
- Improvements to aquatic facility storage for Watershed Protection Department salamander biologists
- Revamping existing internal exhibits.
- Reconfiguring parking lot area to reduce impervious cover
- Enhancing water quality from an existing upstream parking lot area



#### **Impervious Cover**

The proposed maintenance activities will result in a <u>reduction</u> of impervious cover by 302 square feet and there is no expansion of existing facilities.

#### **Watershed and Floodplain**

The property is located in the Barton Creek watershed, which is located within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. A portion of the site is also located within the FEMA and City of Austin 100-year floodplains.

#### **Critical Environmental Features**

An Environmental Resource Inventory and Geologic Assessment have been performed for the area of interest and is being provided with this Exception Request. Barton and Eliza Springs are Critical Environmental Features (CEFs) and maintenance and building rehabilitation is within 150-feet of these features.

#### **Storm Water Quality**

There will be a net decrease in impervious cover and the proposed work is not defined as a regulated activity under 30 TAC 213. The project proposes to provide stormwater quality improvements to treat existing impervious cover for portions of an existing parking lot. The water quality measure will be a passive vegetative filter strip followed by a bio-filtration area and natural infiltration component. This water quality enhancement measure provides stormwater runoff treatment to the existing parking area in lieu of the existing conditions in which discharge is directly into the creek through the stormwater bypass structure along the north side of the Barton Springs Pool.

#### **Erosion and Sedimentation Control**

Temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures will be installed in accordance with the City of Austin and TCEQ requirements. Given that the area of work is slightly over one-acre, the city proposes to require a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan meeting the TCEQ SW3P guidance standards. Any disturbed areas outside of existing pavement areas will be stabilized and re-vegetated prior to removal of temporary erosion controls.

#### **Water & Wastewater Service**

The existing bathhouse is served by an existing metered 6-inch dead end water line. In order to provide adequate fire-fighting flow capability, an 8-inch water line within the existing parking lot will be extended to the bathhouse.

There is an existing 6-inch wastewater service line that connects to an existing 8-inch line north of the bathhouse that connects to an existing 42-inch concrete gravity line. Records indicate that the 6-inch service lines for the building are vitrified clay pipe so these service laterals will be replaced with pressure rated PVC pipe. or abandoned.

If you have any questions or comments or need additional information, please contact us at any time.

Tom Curran, PE Sr. Project Manager Doucet & Associates, Inc.

TBPE Firm# 3937 TBPLS Firm# 10194551



2104 Hunter Road San Marcos, Texas 78666 512-291-4555 www.zaraenvironmental.com

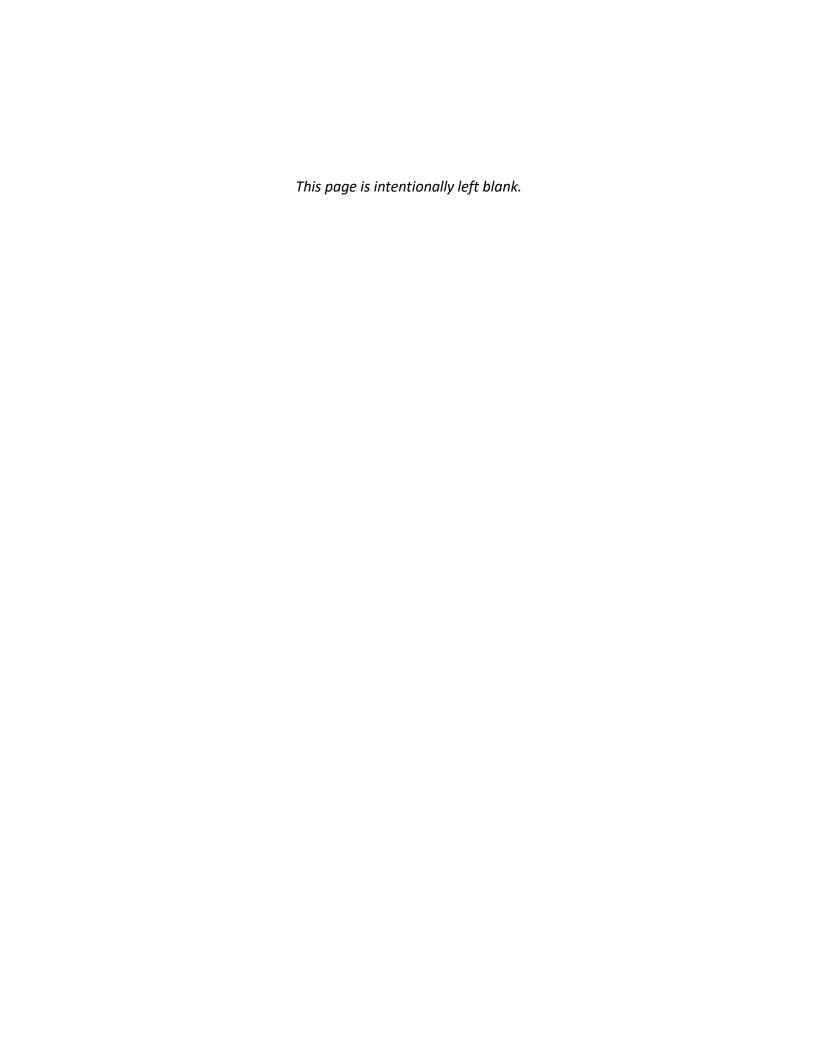
# GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FOR THE BARTON SPRINGS BATHHOUSE REHABILITATION, AUSTIN, TRAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS



Zilker Ponds historic rock gardens now abandoned near Barton Springs Pool

Prepared for Doucet & Associates, Inc. 7401B Hwy 71 West, Ste. 160 Austin, Texas 78735

11 March 2024



## **Geologic Assessment**

#### **Texas Commission on Environmental Quality**

For Regulated Activities on The Edwards Aquifer Recharge/transition Zones and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(3), Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

## Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.

Print Name of Geologist: Date: 3/11/2024

Michael Jones, P.G. (#15517) Telephone: <u>512-291-4555 (Zara Office)</u>

Aubri A. Jenson, P.G. (#11007) Fax: 866-908-9137

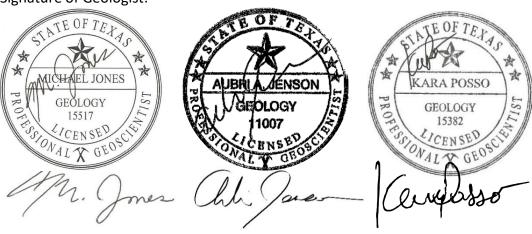
Kara Posso, P.G. (#15382)

Representing (Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number):

#### Zara Environmental LLC/ TBPG No. 50365

(Name of Company and TBPG or TBPE registration number)

Signature of Geologist:



**Regulated Entity Name: Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehab** 

## **Project Information**

1.	Date(s) Geologic Assessment was perfori	med: 2/12/2024
2.	,, ,	
3.	<ul><li>☑ WPAP (Exception Plan)</li><li>☐ SCS</li><li>Location of Project:</li></ul>	☐ AST ☐ UST
	<ul><li>☑ Recharge Zone</li><li>☐ Transition Zone</li><li>☐ Contributing Zone within the Transit</li></ul>	ion Zone

- 4. Attachment A Geologic Assessment Table. Completed Geologic Assessment Table (Form TCEQ-0585-Table) is attached.
- 5. ⊠ Soil cover on the project site is summarized in the table below and uses the SCS Hydrologic Soil Groups\* (Urban Hydrology for Small Watersheds, Technical Release No. 55, Appendix A, Soil Conservation Service, 1986). If there is more than one soil type on the project site, show each soil type on the site Geologic Map or a separate soils map.

Soil Name	Group*	Thickness (feet)		
Hardeman soils (HdE)	А	3.3		
Mixed Alluvial land (Md)	А	4		
Altoga Soils (AID)	В	5		
Terrant Soils (TeA, TaD)	D	1		
Eckrant Soils (TdF)	D	2.5		

**Table 1 - Soil Units, Infiltration Characteristics and Thickness** 

- \* Soil Group Definitions (Abbreviated)
- A. Soils having a high infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.
- D. Soils having a very slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wetted.

6. ☑ Attachment B – Stratigraphic Column. A stratigraphic column showing formations, members, and thicknesses is attached. The outcropping unit, if present, should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. Otherwise, the uppermost unit should be at the top of the stratigraphic column. NOTE: Attachment B in the 2019 GA remains valid.

7. 🗵	<b>Attachment C – Site Geology</b> . A narrative description of the site-specific geology including any features identified in the Geologic Assessment Table, a discussion of the potential for fluid movement to the Edwards Aquifer, stratigraphy, structure(s), and karst characteristics is attached.
8. 🗵	Attachment D – Site Geologic Map(s). The Site Geologic Map must be the same scale as the applicant's Site Plan. The minimum scale is 1": 400' Applicant's Site Plan Scale: 1" = 40' Site Geologic Map Scale: 1" = 40' Site Soils Map Scale (if more than 1 soil type): 1" = 300'
9. Meth	nod of collecting positional data:
	☐ Global Positioning System (GPS) technology. ☐ Other method(s). Please describe method of data collection: Faults & Geology derived from the Geologic Atlas of Texas (GAT 2010) and the Geologic Map of the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, South-central Texas (Blome, et al. 2005); Water and wastewater infrastructure locations from the City of Austin (Austin Water 2024); stormwater drainage infrastructure locations were derived by extracting linework from a land survey shapefile provided from Doucet & Associates (year of data collection is unknown).
10. 🗵	The project site and boundaries are clearly shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
11. 🗵	Surface geologic units are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map.
12. 🗵	Geologic or manmade features were discovered on the project site during the field investigation. They are shown and labeled on the Site Geologic Map and are described in the attached Geologic Assessment Table.
	Geologic or manmade features were not discovered on the project site during the field investigation.
13. 🗵	The Recharge Zone boundary is shown and labeled, if appropriate.
	known wells (test holes, water, oil, unplugged, capped and/or abandoned, etc.): If licable, the information must agree with Item No. 20 of the WPAP Application Section.
	No wells present on the project site and the locations are shown and labeled.  (Check all of the following that apply.)  The wells are not in use and have been properly abandoned.  The wells are not in use and will be properly abandoned.  The wells are in use and comply with 16 TAC Chapter 76.  There are no wells or test holes of any kind known to exist on the project site.

## **ATTACHMENT A: Geologic Assessment Table**

GEOL	PROJECT NAME: Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation																		
LOCATION						FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS								EVALUATION		PHYSICAL SETTING			
1A	1B <sup>+</sup>	1C <sup>+</sup>	2A	2B	3	4			5	5A	6	7	8A	8B	9	1	0	11	12
FEATURE ID	LATITUDE	LONGITUDE	FEATURE TYPE	POINTS	FORMATION	DI	DIMENSIONS (FT)		TREND (DEGS)	DOM	DENSITY (NO/FT)	APERTURE (FT)	INFILL	RELATIVE INFILTRATION RATE	TOTAL	SENSI	TIVITY	CATCHMENT AREA (ACRES	TOPOGRAPHY
						Х	Υ	Z		10						<40	<u>&gt;</u> 40	<1.6 <u>&gt;</u> 1.6	
MB-01a	30.26501	-97.77184	MB	30	Ked4	180	30	3	1	ı	-	0	N,V,F,C,O	8	38	Χ		Х	Hillside
MB-01b	30.26493	-97.77146	MB	30	Qt	15	7	2	-	-	-	0	V,F,C,O	5	35	Χ		Х	Hillside
MB-01c	30.26495	-97.77118	MB	30	Qt	50	20	2	-	-	-	0	V,F,C,O	5	35	Х		Х	Hillside
MB-02*	30.26486	-97.77281	MB	30	Ked4	0.5	0.5	variable	-	-	-	-	Х	5	35	Х		Х	Trench
MB-03*	30.26434	-97.77049	MB	30	Qt	1.0	1.0	variable	-	-	-	-	Х	5	35	Х		Х	Trench
MB-04*	30.26450	-97.77143	MB	30	Qt	variable	variable	variable	-	-	-	-	Х	5	35	Х		Х	Trench
BS-01	30.26500	-97.77048	SH	20	Qt	2.25	1.0	1.0	110	-	-	0.8 x 0.6	C,O,F	19	39	Х		Х	Hillside

<sup>\*</sup>Features MB-02 (water main), MB-03 (wastewater main), and MB-04 (storm drain) are linear alignments; the GPS coordinates above represent a single location for that feature class within the Survey Area. The location and orientation of these features may be seen in Figure 3 and Attachment D. \*\*The geologic unit listed is based on mapping presented in the Geologic Atlas of Texas (GAT 2010). \*DATUM: NAD 1983.

(GAT 2010).	. DATUM: NAD 1983.			
2A	TYPE	2B POINTS		8A INFILLING
С	Cave	30	N	None, exposed bedrock
SC	Solution cavity	20	С	Coarse - cobbles, breakdown, sand, gravel
SF	Solution-enlarged fracture(s)	20	0	Loose or soft mud or soil, organics, leaves, sticks, dark colors
F	Fault	20	F	Fines, compacted clay-rich sediment, soil profile, gray or red colors
0	Other natural bedrock features	5	V	Vegetation. Give details in narrative description
MB	Manmade feature in bedrock	30	FS	Flowstone, cements, cave deposits
SW	Swallow hole	30	X	Other materials
SH	Sinkhole	20		
CD	Non-karst closed depression	5		12 TOPOGRAPHY

Cliff, Hilltop, Hillside, Drainage, Floodplain, Streambed

I have read, I understood, and I have followed the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Instructions to Geologists. The information presented here complies with that document and is a true representation of the conditions observed in the field. My signature certifies that I am qualified as a geologist as defined by 30 TAC Chapter 213.





Zone, clustered or aligned features

30



Date 2/12/2024
Sheet 1 of 2

TCEQ-0585-Table (Rev. 10-01-04)

	ydrogeologic Subdivision			Group, Form	ation, or Member	Thickness (feet	)			
				Quaternary	y Alluvium (Qal)	20	TE OF TEL			
Quaternary		Colorado River Deposits (undivided)			Terrace Deposits (undivided)	20	STATE OF TENANTICHAEL JONES			
sn				Taylo	or Group	600	GEOLOGY 15517			
Upper Cretaceous	Upper Confining nits			Aust	tin Group	130 – 150	GEOLOGY 15517 1CENSED 0VALX GEOSCH			
Uppe				Eagle F	Ford Group	30 – 50				
				Buda	Limestone	40 – 50				
				Del	Rio Clay	50 – 60	E OF T			
	Edwards Aquifer		ı	Georgeto	wn Formation	40 – 60	STATE OF THE PARTY			
			ation		narine members, undivided (Kpcm) equivalent to Ked4)	0 – 70	Aubri A. Dinson  GEOLOGY 11007			
		dn o g		ds Group	Edwards Group	Person Formation		ollapsed members, undivided (Kplc) equivalent to Ked4)	30 – 80	TOWAL TO GEOSCIE
seous								l dense member (Kprd) equivalent to Ked₃)	20 – 30	
Lower Cretaceous		Edwarc		1	stone member (Kkg) equivalent to Ked <sub>2</sub> )	45 – 60	STATE OF TEXAS			
			rmation		evaporite member (Kke) equivalent to Ked <sub>1</sub> )	65-75	* VAPA POSSO			
		Kainer Formation	Kainer For		mitic member (Kkd) equivalent to Ked <sub>1</sub> )	110 – 150	GEOLOGY 15382 15382 1CENSES CITE			
				Basal n	odular member (Kkb)	45 – 60	Charles of the second			
	Lower Confining Units		Upp	er member of th	e Glen Rose Limestone	350 – 500				

Stratigraphic column of the Zilker Metropolitan Park area, modified from Small et al. (1996) and Rhoda (1969). Outcropping unit(s) are specified in gray.



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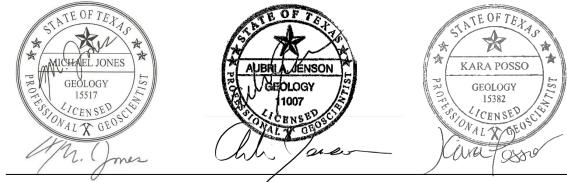
# GEOLOGIC ASSESSMENT FOR THE BARTON SPRINGS BATHHOUSE REHABILITATION, AUSTIN, TRAVIS COUNTY, TEXAS

Prepared for Doucet & Associates, Inc. 7401B Hwy 71 West, Ste. 160 Austin, Texas 78735

11 March 2024

In accordance with the Texas Board of Professional Geologists rules at 22 Texas Administrative Code, Part 39, Chapter 851, Subchapter C, §851.156, this report is signed and sealed on the title page to assure the user that the work has been performed by or directly supervised by the following professional geologist who takes full responsibility for this work.

The computer-generated seal appearing on this document was authorized by Michael Jones, PG #15517, Aubri A. Jenson, PG #11007, and Kara Posso, PG #15382 on 11 March 2024.



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#### Introduction

Zara Environmental LLC conducted a Geologic Assessment on approximately 14.8 acres of the Zilker Metropolitan Park (Survey Area) in support of the Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation Project (Project) in the City of Austin, Travis County, Texas (Figure 1). The proposed Project will consist of improvements to access, replacement of the plumbing systems, structural repairs, and restoration to critical parts of the entry rotunda and changing rooms, as well as some enhancements to the aquatic facilities within the Sheffield Education Center. While most of the Project is associated with work inside the existing facilities, there are some external improvements associated with emergency response needs, ADA compliance, utility (water and wastewater) services, and implementation of a voluntary stormwater treatment Best Management Practice (BMP) to treat runoff from an existing upslope parking lot that currently has no water quality controls. As the Project is partially located over the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, ground disturbing activities are subject to regulation under the Edwards Rules at Title 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213.5. However, the Project will occur within the footprint of exiting developments without any additional increase to impervious cover and will ultimately result in a reduction of impervious cover. As such, the Project may be eligible for a Water Pollution Abatement Plan (WPAP) Exception Plan.

As standard practice, TCEQ requires that the entire legal boundary of a property be surveyed for a Geologic Assessment. However, the Barton Springs Bathhouse Renovation Project overlaps four parcels that total 133.42 acres, while the Project will only occur over approximately 14.8 acres of Zilker Metropolitan Park. The Survey Area for this Geologic Assessment has been defined with a metes and bound description in order to reduce the area required for survey (Supplemental Attachment). Land within the Survey Area has a long history of development and is primarily used for recreational activities associated with Zilker Metropolitan Park and Barton Springs Pool. Much of the Survey Area was fully developed and coincided with maintained open spaces, picnic areas, or parking facilities servicing Barton Springs Pool and the Zilker Hillside Theater. A detailed walking survey of the Survey Area was conducted on 12 February 2024, documenting four classes of manmade features in bedrock and one potential karst feature.



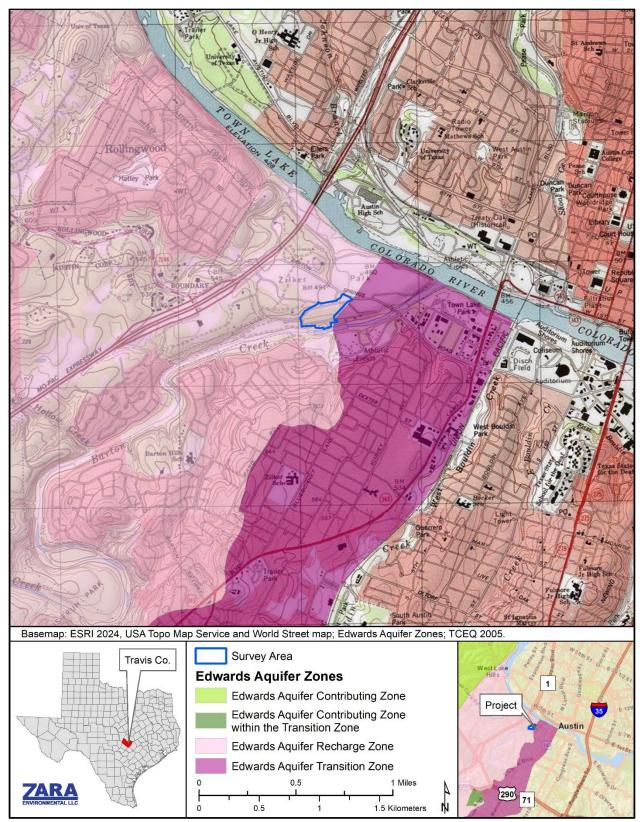


Figure 1. Location map for the Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation Project Survey Area.

#### Methods

#### **Background Data Collection**

Various publicly available sources were reviewed for data pertaining to the Survey Area. The United States Geological Survey (USGS) 7.5-Minute Topographic Map of the Austin West Quadrangle was reviewed for general site information and elevation contours (USGS 2024). Surface geology and faults were obtained from the Geologic Atlas of Texas (GAT 2010) and were compared with the Geologic Map of the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, South-central Texas (Blome et al. 2005). Well records were reviewed from the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB 2024). Soil descriptions were obtained from the Web Soil Survey of the Natural Resources Conservation Service ([NRCS] 2024). Floodplain maps from the Federal Emergency Management Agency ([FEMA] 2024) were also obtained and reviewed. The location and orientation of water and wastewater utility infrastructure were obtained from GIS files maintained by the City of Austin (Austin Water 2024). The location and orientation of stormwater drainage infrastructure locations were derived by extracting linework from a land survey shapefile provided from Doucet & Associates (year of data collection is unknown).

#### Field Survey

Karst survey methods followed protocols outlined in TCEQ Instructions to Geologists for Geologic Assessments (TCEQ 2004). Walking ground surveys, as defined by Veni and Reddell (2002), TCEQ (2004), and Barrett (2005), were conducted throughout the Survey Area. The positions of all features identified through fieldwork were documented using handheld Garmin S64 GPS units (+/- 10 feet) and were cross-verified against digital orthoimagery. All features identified were evaluated by a licensed professional geoscientist for potential impact to Edwards Aquifer recharge. This is completed by ranking the recharge sensitivity of each feature using the point scheme defined by TCEQ (2004). Fieldwork was conducted by two Zara Environmental LLC personnel, Michael Jones (P.G. #15517) and Kara Posso (P.G. #15382), on 12 February 2024. Reporting was completed by Michael Jones and Kara Posso and was reviewed by Aubri Jenson (P.G. #11007).

#### Results

**Background Data** 

#### Site Soils

The National Resource Conservation Service Web Soil Survey (NRCS 2024) identified six soil map units within the Survey Area (Figure 2). Each of these units is described below:

Altoga soils and Urban land, 2 to 8 percent slopes (AID) is a moderately permeable clayey alluvium derived from mixed sources. It forms a profile up to 3.3 feet deep consisting of fine sandy loam to silt loam. The soil forms blocky, subangular peds and contains fine calcium carbonate concretions. Runoff is low on slopes of 1 to 5%. It has the capacity to transmit water at high rates (1.98 to 5.95 inches per hour) through its most limiting layer, placing it in Hydrologic Soil Group A. This soil covers 2.8% of the Survey Area.



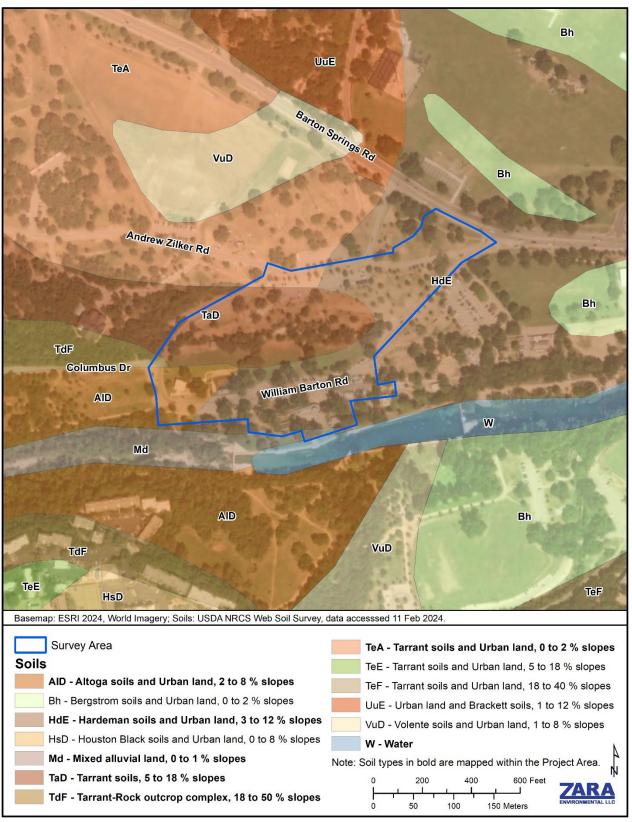


Figure 2. Soils map of the Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation Project Survey Area.



Hardeman soils and Urban land, 3 to 12 percent slopes (HdE) is a highly permeable mixed loamy alluvium of quaternary age and/or loamy eolian deposits of quaternary age. Typical soil profiles are up to 60 inches deep consisting of fine sandy loam to silt loam. The soil forms blocky, subangular peds and contains faint films and threads of calcium carbonate. Runoff is low on slopes of 1 to 5%. The soil has the capacity to transmit water at high rates (1.98 to 5.95 inches per hour) through its most limiting layer, placing it in Hydrologic Soil Group A. This soil class covers 0.4% of the Survey Area.

Mixed alluvial land, 0 to 1 percent slopes, frequently flooded (Md) is a highly permeable calcareous gravelly alluvium of quaternary age derived from mixed sources. Typical soil profiles are up to 48 inches deep consisting of stratified very gravelly coarse sand to very gravelly sand. The soil typically includes very gravelly coarse sand, and exposed limestone beds and boulders randomly interspersed with moderately deep to deep calcareous alluvial materials. Runoff is negligible on slopes of 1 to 5%. The soil has the capacity to transmit water at high to very high rates (5.95 to 19.98 inches per hour) through its most limiting layer, placing it in Hydrologic Soil Group A. This soil class covers 6.5% of the Survey Area.

Eckrant very stony clay, 5 to 18 percent slopes (TaD) is a slowly permeable residual soil derived from fractured indurated Cretaceous limestone. Typical soil profiles are up to 30 inches deep consisting of very stony clay to extremely flaggy clay overlying bedrock. The soil forms blocky, subangular peds with fine granular structure. Runoff is high on slopes of 1 to 5%. The soil has the capacity to transmit water at moderately low to moderately high rates (0.06 to 0.57 inches per hour) through its most limiting layer, placing it in Hydrologic Soil Group D. This soil class covers 61.0% of the Survey Area.

Eckrant-Rock outcrop complex, 18 to 50 percent slopes (TdF) is a slowly permeable residual soil derived from indurated Cretaceous limestone. Typical soil profiles are up to 30 inches deep consisting of very stony clay to extremely flaggy clay overlying bedrock. The soil forms blocky, subangular peds with fine granular structure. Runoff is very high on slopes of 1 to 5%. The soil has the capacity to transmit water at moderately low to high rates (0.06 to 1.98 inches per hour) through its most limiting layer, placing it in Hydrologic Soil Group D. This soil covers 23.9% of the Survey Area.

Eckrant soils and Urban land, 0 to 2 percent slopes (TeA) is a slowly permeable residual soil derived from indurated Cretaceous limestone. Typical soil profiles are up to 30 inches deep consisting of very stony clay to extremely flaggy clay overlying bedrock. The soil forms blocky, subangular peds with fine granular structure. Eckrant soil runoff is moderate on slopes of 1 to 5%. It has the capacity to transmit water at moderately low to moderately high rates (0.06 to 0.57 inches per hour) through its most limiting layer, placing it in Hydrologic Soil Group D. This soil covers 5.4% of the Survey Area.



#### Site Geology

The mapped surface geology from the Geologic Atlas of Texas (GAT 2010) is presented in Figure 3 and Attachment D. According to GAT (2010), three units are mapped within the Survey Area. These are Quaternary Terrace Deposits (Qt) and Member 3 (Ked<sub>3</sub>) and Member 4 (Ked<sub>4</sub>) of the Person Formation in the Edwards Group. According to Blome et at. (2005), which does not have complete coverage over the Survey Area, there are three units mapped within the Survey Area. These include the Georgetown Formation (Kg), the Regional Dense Member of the Person Formation (Kprd; equivalent to Ked<sub>3</sub>), and the Grainstone Member of the Kainer Formation (Kkg; equivalent to Ked<sub>2</sub>). Blome et al. maps the Georgetown Formation and the Barton Springs Fault in the very southwest corners of the Survey Area, however based on aerial imagery, they would occur just outside the Survey Area, approximately 150 feet west of where they are mapped.

Given that much of the Survey Area was previously developed and is covered by public infrastructure (parking lots, roads, buildings, etc.) or fill material and open park space (park lawns), bedrock outcrop exposures within the Survey Area were fairly limited to the open park space just north of Barton Springs Pool. The geology observed within that outcrop appeared consistent with the Regional Dense Member (Kprd; equivalent to Ked<sub>3</sub>) overlain by Quaternary Terrace Deposits (Qt). A second outcrop, on the western edge of the Survey Area, appeared to be more consistent with the Leached and Collapsed Member of the Person formation (Kplc; equivalent to Ked<sub>4</sub>) overlain by Quaternary Terrace Deposits (Qt). This is consistent with both geologic maps, however Blome et al. have the Leached and Collapsed Member mapped slightly further west, outside of the Survey Area. A description of each geologic unit that comprises the Ewards Aquifer by Blome et al. are presented in the Regional Stratigraphy section below.

A portion of the Survey Area overlaps open park space adjacent to Barton Springs Pool, which hosts the Barton Springs Fault and Parthenia Springs, the most prominent discharge point in the Barton Springs Segment of the Edwards Aquifer. Parthenia Spring and other springs with the Barton Springs Complex (Eliza Spring, Old Mill Spring, and Upper Barton Spring) have been extensively studied through scientific research and a number of publications are publicly available; results of each study are not summarized herein.

#### Regional Geology

The Survey Area is in the eastern portion of the Edwards Plateau Physiographic Province of central Texas along the Balcones Escarpment, which is a highly eroded landscape bordering the Edwards Plateau to the south and east. The plateau is typified by higher elevations to the north and west and generally slopes to the southeast. Canyons and drainage basins were formed by the surface flow of the Colorado River and its tributaries, including Barton Creek, which passes through the southern portion of the Survey Area.

The geologic formations in the Edwards Plateau are mostly Cretaceous age limestones with Quaternary alluvium along surface drainages. The limestone is developed from accumulation of thick marine sequences deposited in a lagoon environment on the San Marcos Platform protected by a barrier reef during the Cretaceous about 100 million years ago (Rose 1972). These strata dip slightly to the southeast at about 10 to 15 feet/mile toward the Gulf of Mexico.



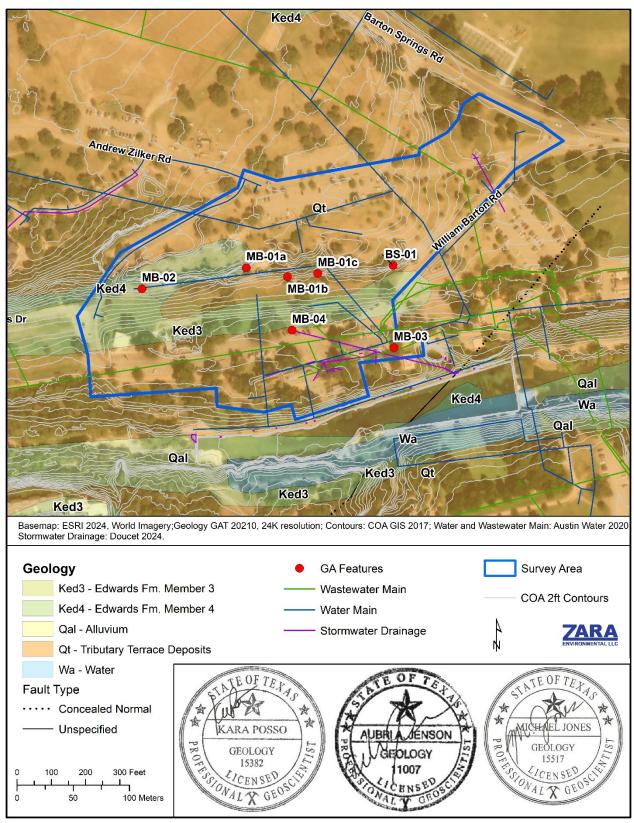


Figure 3. Geology of Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation Project Survey Area with the locations of all features identified during the field survey.

#### Regional Stratigraphy

The geologic formations that comprise the Edwards Aquifer are the Georgetown Formation, the Person Formation, and Kainer Formation (TCEQ 2004). A stratigraphic column showing regional geology modified from Small et al (1996) and Rhoda (1969) is included as Attachment B. A description of each geologic unit composing the Edwards Aquifer is presented below; these unit descriptions are from the Geologic Map of the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, South-central Texas (Blome et al. 2005).

The Georgetown Formation is the uppermost unit of the Edwards Aquifer. Bedrock is reddishbrown and gray to light-tan, marly limestone with biomicritic texture and commonly contains the brachiopod Waconella wacoensis, pectins, the mollusks Kingena wacoensis and Gryphaea washitaensis (Young 1967), as well as other pelecypods. The Georgetown Formation is considered an upper confining unit with very low porosity and permeability and has little or no karstification or cavern development (Stein and Ozuna 1995). Thickness ranges from 2 to 20 feet and generally thins from northeast to southwest.

The Person and Kainer Formations comprise the Edwards Group (Rose 1972). The Person Formation is about 130 feet thick in southern Travis County. The composition of the Person Formation ranges from crystalline limestone to grainstone to mudstone and is comprised of three informal hydrogeologic units: the Cyclic and Marine Members, undivided; the Leached and Collapsed Members, undivided; and the Regional Dense Member.

The Cyclic and Marine Members are composed of chert-bearing wackestones and can be somewhat variable in thickness because of the erosional unconformity between the Person and Georgetown Formations. In southern Travis County these layers are less than 5 feet or not present (Hauwert 2009).

The Leached and Collapsed Members are a light-colored wackestone with interbedded mudstone and grainstone intervals that form one of the more porous and permeable subdivisions of the Edwards Aquifer. The leached member is a dense, bioturbated micrite, and the collapsed member is composed of several one- to five-feet thick zones of collapsed stromatolitic limestone (Rose 1972). The combined thickness of the two members ranges from 70 feet in northern Hays County to less than 25 feet near the Colorado River in Travis County (Hauwert 2009).

The lowermost member of the Person Formation is the Regional Dense Member (RDM), which has a thickness of 15 to 32 feet in southern Travis County and thins towards the Colorado River (Hauwert 2009). The RDM is composed of a dense argillaceous mudstone and is easily identified in the outcrop and on a variety of geophysical logs. Most of the fractures that penetrate the RDM do not appear to be solution enlarged. Caves that breach the RDM are not enlarged but are usually vertical shafts with horizontal caverns developed above or below the RDM. The RDM can function as a confining unit between the upper and lower portions of the Edwards Aquifer (i.e., between the Kainer and the Person Formation); however, caves, faults, and fractures may greatly reduce the vertical confining ability of the RDM. The RDM is probably not an effective barrier to



lateral flow at faults because of the relatively thin section. The flow of water tends to circumvent the RDM because of the impermeable nature of this unit.

The Kainer Formation has an approximate total thickness of 300 feet in southern Travis County. The lithology of the Kainer Formation ranges from mudstone to miliolid grainstone to crystalline limestone. The Kainer is subdivided into four informal members that include the Grainstone, Kirschberg Evaporite, Dolomitic, and Basal Nodular Members.

The Grainstone Member is the uppermost unit of the Kainer Formation and is 45 to 60 feet thick in southern Travis County (Hauwert 2009). It is composed of thick sequences of dense, tightly cemented, miliolid grainstone. Primary matrix porosity, as measured on geophysical logs, is some of the lowest in the Edwards Aquifer. Secondary fracture porosity accounts for the bulk of effective porosity in this aquifer unit.

The Kirschberg Evaporite Member underlies the Grainstone Member and is 40 to 75 feet in thickness in this area. This hydrogeologic unit consists of crystalline limestone and chalky pulverulite with chert nodules and lenses (Hauwert 2009). Collapse features are common. The member's porosity has been described as boxwork (Maclay and Small 1976) because of the configuration of the voids and the secondary neospar and travertine deposits. The boxwork porosity does not seem to be prevalent throughout the entire thickness or extent of the member but occurs sporadically within more massive limestone. Dissolution of evaporite minerals, such as gypsum and anhydrite, and the existence of contorted beds in the Kirschberg Evaporite result in extensive secondary porosity, which creates one of the most permeable subdivisions in the Edwards Aquifer.

The Dolomitic Member is a resistant, highly bedded wackestone with interbedded grainstone, burrowed mudstone, and some chert nodules. The Dolomitic member has a total thickness of about 140 feet in this area (Hauwert 2009). Effective porosity and probable pathways of water in this unit are restricted to solution enlarged bedding planes, joints, fractures, and faults.

The Basal Nodular Member is the lowermost unit of the Edwards Group and is 45 to 65 feet of fossiliferous, nodular limestone (Hauwert 2009). In the subsurface, the Basal Nodular Member has negligible porosity and permeability (Maclay and Small 1984) and can function as part of the lower confining unit; however, in outcrop the Basal Nodular Member often displays extensive karstification, which has generated secondary porosity in the form of large lateral caves.

#### Regional Groundwater

The Project is underlain by the Barton Spring Segment of the Edwards Aquifer and is directly adjacent to the Barton Spring Complex in downtown Austin. The Edwards Aquifer is one of the most permeable and productive karst aquifers in the United States and is the primary groundwater source for much of central Texas. The Recharge Zone of the Edwards Aquifer is defined as the land surface area where caves, sinkholes, faults, fractures, or other permeable features provide pathways for the recharge of surface waters into the Edwards Aquifer. This zone is regulated due to the vulnerability of the aquifer to pollution. Recharge into the Edwards Aquifer occurs primarily in losing streams, where surface water from the contributing zone flows



over faults, fractures, and karst features that have been solutionally enlarged in the Recharge Zone (Sharp and Banner 1997). The Barton Springs Segment of the Edwards Aquifer covers about 155 square miles in Travis and Hays counties. It is composed of highly faulted, fractured, and dissolved limestone, forming a very prolific karst aguifer from 0 to 450 feet thick (BSEACD 2021).

Dye tracing studies and potentiometric data show that groundwater in the Barton Springs Segment generally flows from the southwest to northeast toward a few focused discharge points that make up the Barton Springs Complex. The Barton Springs Complex consists namely of four springs: Parthenia Spring, Eliza Spring, Old Mill Spring, and Upper Barton Spring. Hydrogeological studies have also indicated that groundwater flow paths are complex, can differ with hydrologic conditions (i.e., drought stage vs. flood stage), and flow paths are greatly influenced by local geology, particularly faulting (Hauwert 2009; Hunt 2005).

#### Water Wells

According to online records from the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB 2024), no wells are present within the Survey Area, and none were noted during field reconnaissance. However, several well records and monitoring stations were identified off-site in the vicinity of the Project. Two well records listed on the TWDB database corresponded to springs (Parthenia Spring [State Well # 5842914] and Eliza Spring [State Well # 5842921]) associated with the Barton Springs Complex, and the third record was located the Zilker Park children's playscape approximately 60 feet northeast from Eliza Spring area (State Well # 19150). The depth of State Well # 19150 was 35 feet and the driller's report described the lithology as limestone voids filled with clay and gravel (TWDB 2024). In addition to the wells identified in the TWDB database, one monitoring station operated by the USGS was observed to the northwest of the Barton Springs Pool facilities, just outside of the Survey Area and Project boundaries. The station was likely related to flow monitoring at Barton Creek as no well was explicitly noted near the station infrastructure. Additional monitoring stations may be present in the Project vicinity for hydrological monitoring.

#### **Floodplains**

According to FEMA National Flood Hazard maps the 100-year and 500-year floodplains are mapped in the Survey Area along Barton Creek (FEMA 2024). The 100-year floodplain is shown on Attachment D.

#### **Previously Identified Features**

Only one potential point recharge feature was identified within the Survey Area (City of Austin, personal communications, 2024). This feature is described below as BS-01 and is documented on the GA table. Adjacent to the Survey Area, there are several significant karst features associated with discharge of the Edwards Aquifer. The Barton Springs Fault and Barton Springs Complex has been extensively studied through scientific research and number publications are publicly available; results of each study are not summarized herein.

#### Description of Features

The results of the surface karst feature survey are presented in the TCEQ Geologic Assessment Table (Attachment A) and are discussed below. Five features were identified within or adjacent



to the Survey Area, including four classes of manmade features in bedrock and one known feature that may be karstic in origin. All features were ranked for recharge sensitivity according to TCEQ criteria. Feature locations are displayed on maps in and Attachment D. Each feature is discussed in detail below.

#### MB-01; Manmade Features in bedrock ("Zilker Ponds" rock garden)

MB-01 consists of three manmade ponds lined with stonework on a hillside towards the center of the Survey Area (Figure 4 - Figure 6). According to public records, the Zilker Ponds were built in 1933 as Charlie Page's rock garden (COA 2008). In their current condition, the ponds are overgrown and contain grasses and woody vegetation that obscure the precise boundaries of each feature. Pond MB-01a was approximately 180 feet long and 30 feet wide by 3 feet deep. Pond MB-01b was approximately 15 feet long by 7 feet wide by 2 feet in depth. Pond MB-01c was approximately 50 feet long by 20 feet wide by two feet deep. All ponds had catchment areas of less than 1.6 acres. They were not designed to capture surface water runoff but undoubtedly do retain water, based on field observations. The base of each pond was inspected for potential karst features but there were no apparent apertures or conduits that connect to the aquifer. The COA does not plan on returning the Zilker Ponds to their former use as part of the Barton Springs Pool (BSP) Master Plan and Bathhouse Rehabilitation Project, however the BSP Master Plan recommends draining the ponds permanently by drilling holes into the concrete bottoms of the ponds to allow water to seep out and installing black gravel and granite (COA 2008). These features have a low potential to transmit water to the subsurface rapidly in their current condition. These features are not rated as sensitive according to the Edwards Aquifer Rules (30 TAC §213.5(b)(3)).



Figure 4. Overview of MB-01a (Zilker Ponds).





Figure 5. Overview of MB-01b (Zilker Ponds).



Figure 6. Overview of MB-01c (Zilker Ponds).

#### MB-02; Manmade feature in bedrock (Water main and associated infrastructure)

MB-02 corresponds to water mains and associated infrastructure within the Survey Area (Figure 7). This infrastructure was located throughout the site in various locations and was evident through manholes, water meters, fire hydrants, cleanouts, and various other connections to water mains. The City of Austin-owned water main was identified through a background data review of Austin Water GIS files (2024). The depth of the water main is unknown; however, GIS files indicate the water mains are generally 6 inches in diameter (Austin Water 2024). This feature class has a low potential to transmit water to the subsurface rapidly, assuming proper construction and maintenance. This feature class has not been rated as sensitive according to the Edwards Aquifer Rules (30 TAC §213.5(b)(3)).



Figure 7. Example of water main infrastructure associated with MB-02.

# MB-03; Manmade feature in bedrock (Wastewater main and associated infrastructure)

MB-03 MB-02 corresponds to wastewater mains and associated infrastructure within the Survey Area (Figure 8). Wastewater infrastructure was evident through manhole covers and clean outs near bathroom facilities and other developed portions of the Survey Area. The City of Austinowned wastewater main was identified through a background data review of Austin Water GIS files (2024). The depth of the water main is unknown; however, GIS files indicate that wastewater mains are generally 12 inches in diameter (Autin Water 2024). This feature class has a low potential to transmit water to the subsurface rapidly, assuming proper construction and maintenance. This feature class was not rated as sensitive according to the Edwards Aquifer Rules (30 TAC §213.5(b)(3)).



Figure 8. Example of wastewater infrastructure associated with MB-03.

# MB-04; Manmade feature in bedrock (Storm Drainage Infrastructure)

MB-04 corresponds to stormwater drainage infrastructure servicing Zilker Metropolitan Park (Figure 9). There were various manholes and drain inlets throughout the Survey Area, several of which were likely to drain towards the Barton Springs Pool or to Barton Creek below the pool. The location and orientation of stormwater infrastructure were derived by extracting linework from a land survey shapefile provided from Doucet & Associates (year of data collection is unknown). Based on observations in the field and comparison to data available on the City of Austin Property Profile Development Tool, additional stormwater drainage may be present in the area. However, this feature class has a low potential to transmit water to the subsurface rapidly, assuming proper construction and maintenance. This feature class was not rated as sensitive according to the Edwards Aquifer Rules (30 TAC §213.5(b)(3)).



Figure 9. Example of stormwater infrastructure associated with MB-04.

# BS-01; Potential Sinkhole

Feature BS-01 is a previously documented potential sinkhole located behind a steel bump guard on a hillside just north of Williams Barton Road (Figure 10). The feature had an aperture that was approximately 0.8 feet long and 0.6 feet wide, dropping 1 foot below the surface (Figure 11Figure 12). The horizontal interior of the feature was approximately 1 foot wide and at least 2.25 feet long, loosely following a bearing of 110° (Figure 12). The ceiling of the feature was composed of soil, while rock cobbles and boulders lined the walls and floor. Loose soil substrates were present below the rock cobbles to a depth of at least 6 inches and some debris (plastic trash) was found within the aperture. The feature would appear to receive sheetwash from the hillside above totaling less than 1.6 acres in area, however it may also receive additional runoff from a slightly channelized drainage corridor adjacent to the feature during heavy runoff events.

During evaluation of the feature, it was noted that some characteristics were not necessarily consistent with karst development. Further, the presence of a steel bump guard surrounding the feature indicated that the feature could have been created or influenced by anthropogenic activities such as installation and removal of public infrastructure. Additional information regarding the feature was requested from the City of Austin Watershed Protection Department. The feature did appear in the COA database as karst feature and was recorded as a "small washed-out void space likely related to utility access" (COA personal communications, 2024). As the origin of the feature could not conclusively be determined, it has been evaluated as a potential karst feature for the purposes of this report. This feature has moderate potential to transmit water into the subsurface rapidly; however, it has not been rated as sensitive per the Edwards Aguifer Rules (30 TAC §213.5(b)(3)).



Figure 10. Overview of BS-01.





Figure 11. Aperture of BS-01.

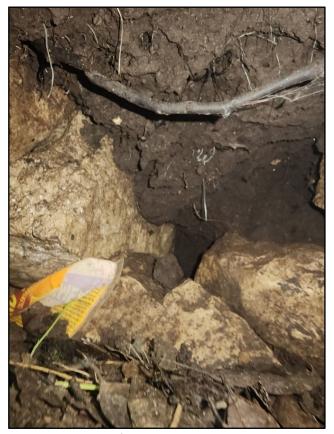


Figure 12. Interior of BS-01.



#### **Discussion and Recommendations**

A Geologic Assessment was conducted on approximately 14.8 acres of Zilker Metropolitan Park in support of a WPAP Exception Plan application for the Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation Project. Five features were documented, including four classes of manmade features in bedrock and one known feature that may have been karstic in origin. None of the five features qualified as hydrologically sensitive point recharge features per the Edwards Aquifer Rules (30 TAC §213.5(b)(3)), thus no protective feature buffers have been recommended. However, these results do not rule out the potential to encounter sensitive features during ground-disturbing activities. In the event that a karst feature is encountered during ground disturbance, all work should stop within 50 feet, a Professional Geoscientist should evaluate the feature for hydrologic sensitivity, and the geologist should coordinate with the City of Austin Watershed Protection Department and the TECQ Edwards Aquifer Protection Program, as appropriate. General project recommendations include using proper stormwater BMPs before and during construction activities to protect water quality in Barton Springs Pool and Barton Creek. BMPs should be installed, monitored, and maintained throughout the Project to ensure compliance with local, state, and federal requirements.



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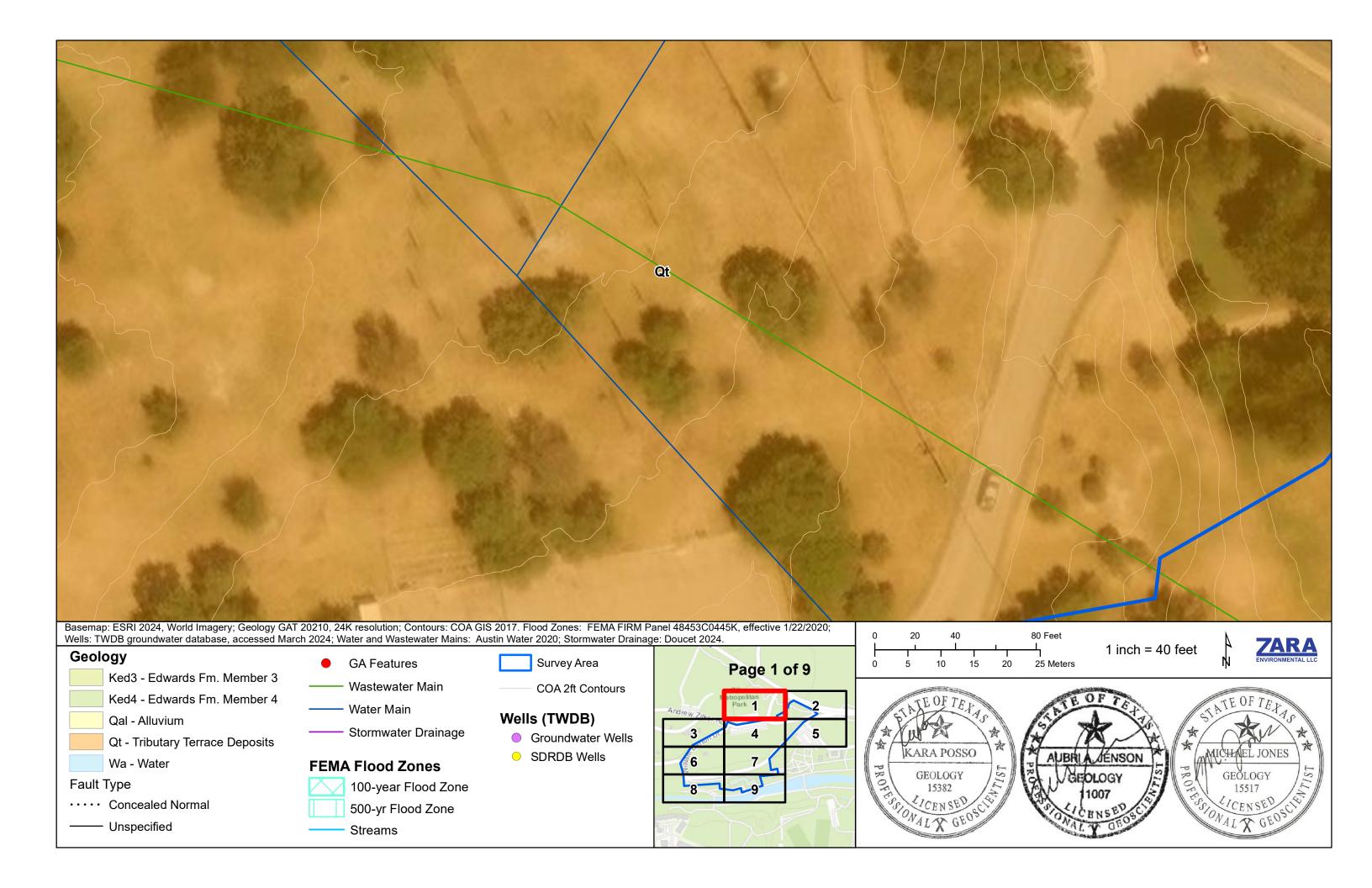


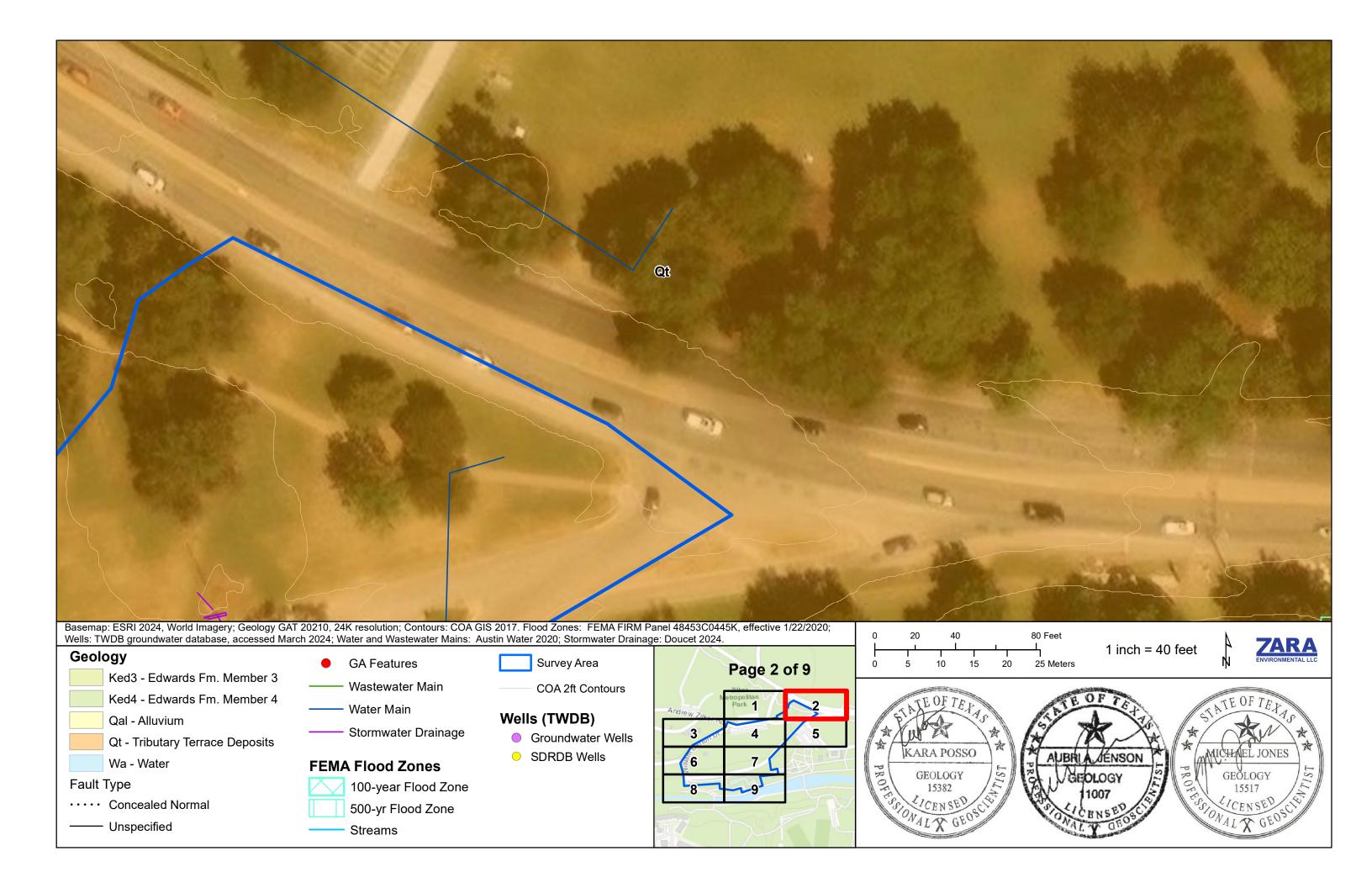
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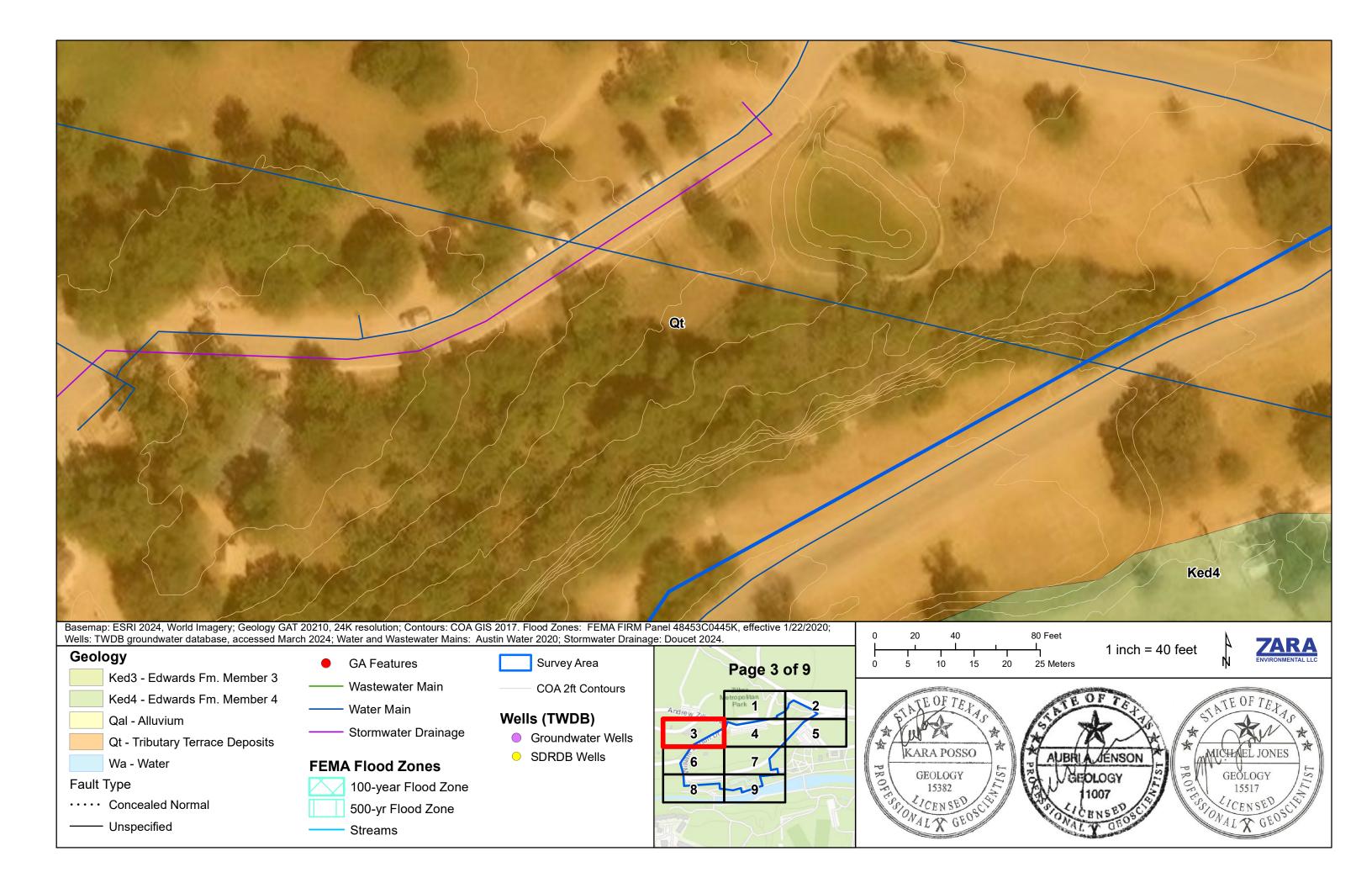


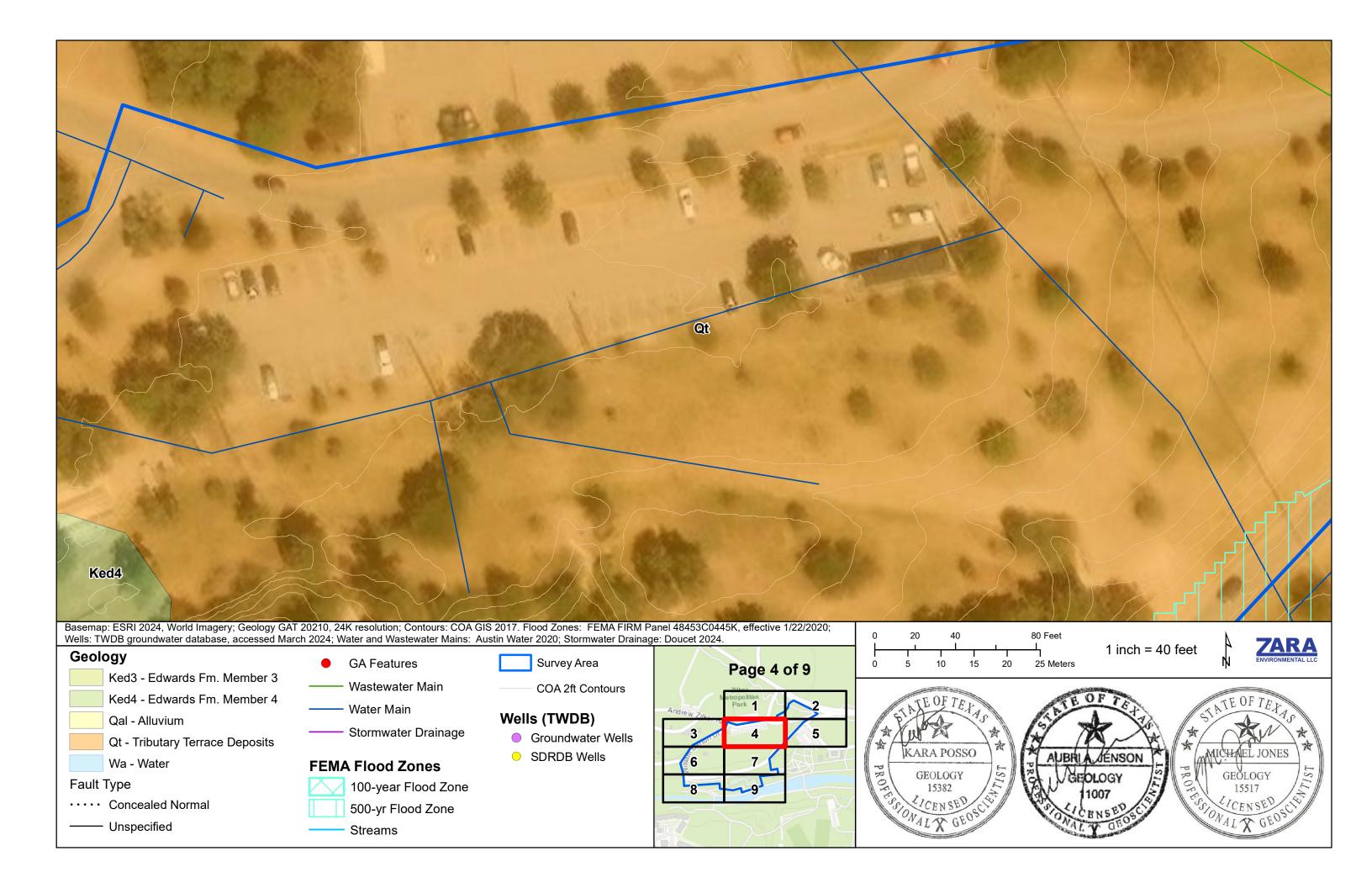
**Attachment D. Site Geologic Maps** 

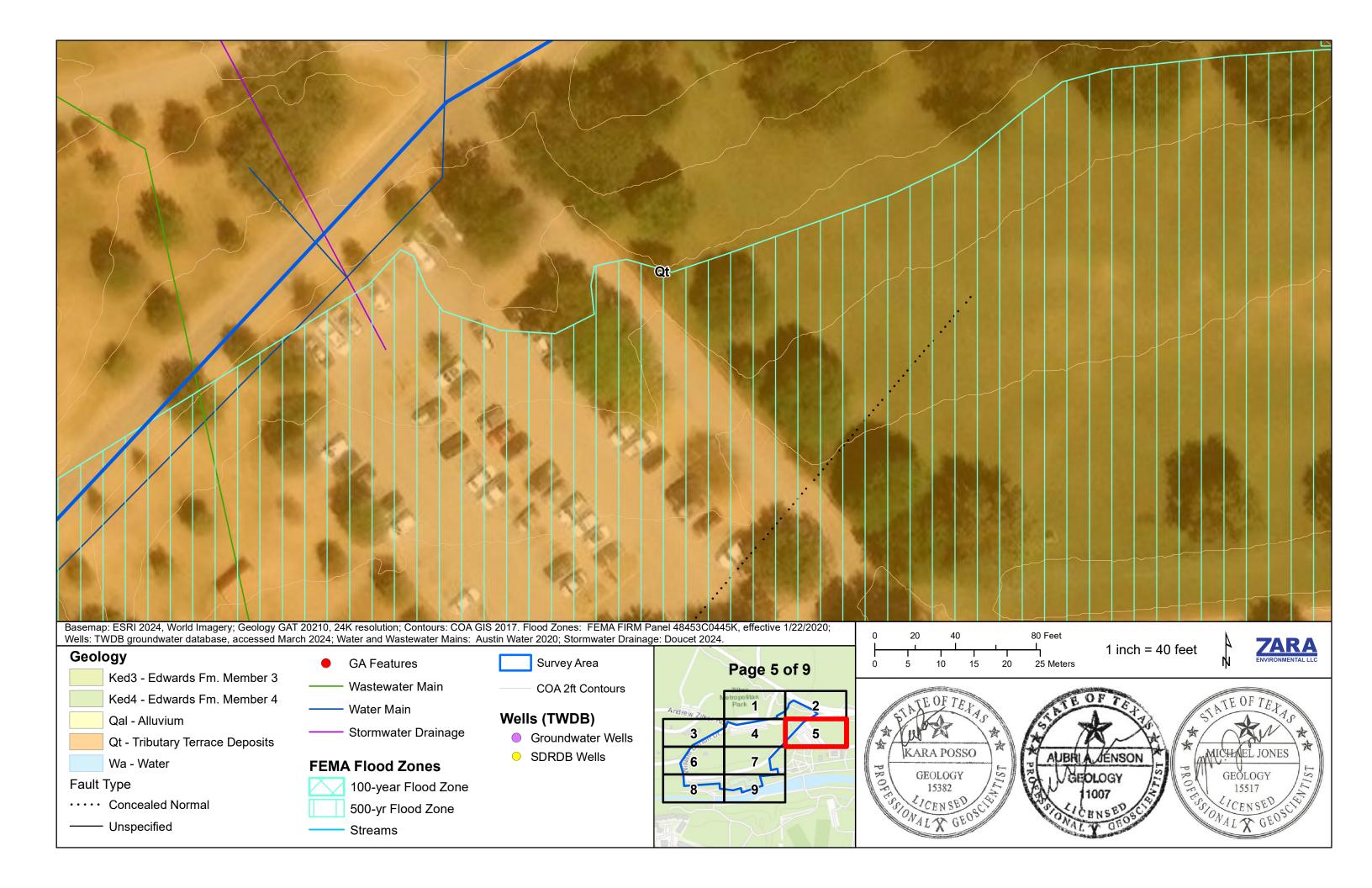


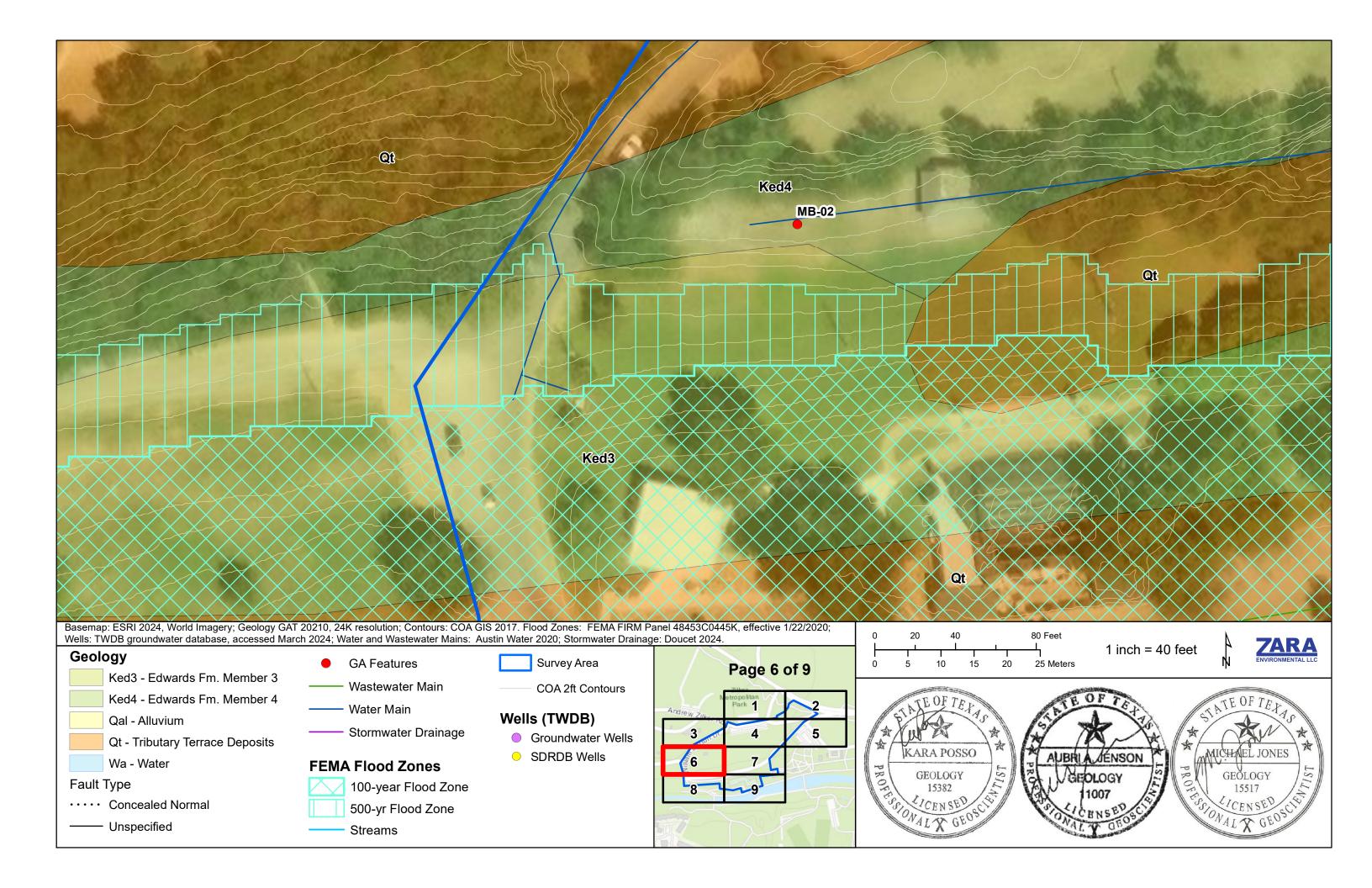


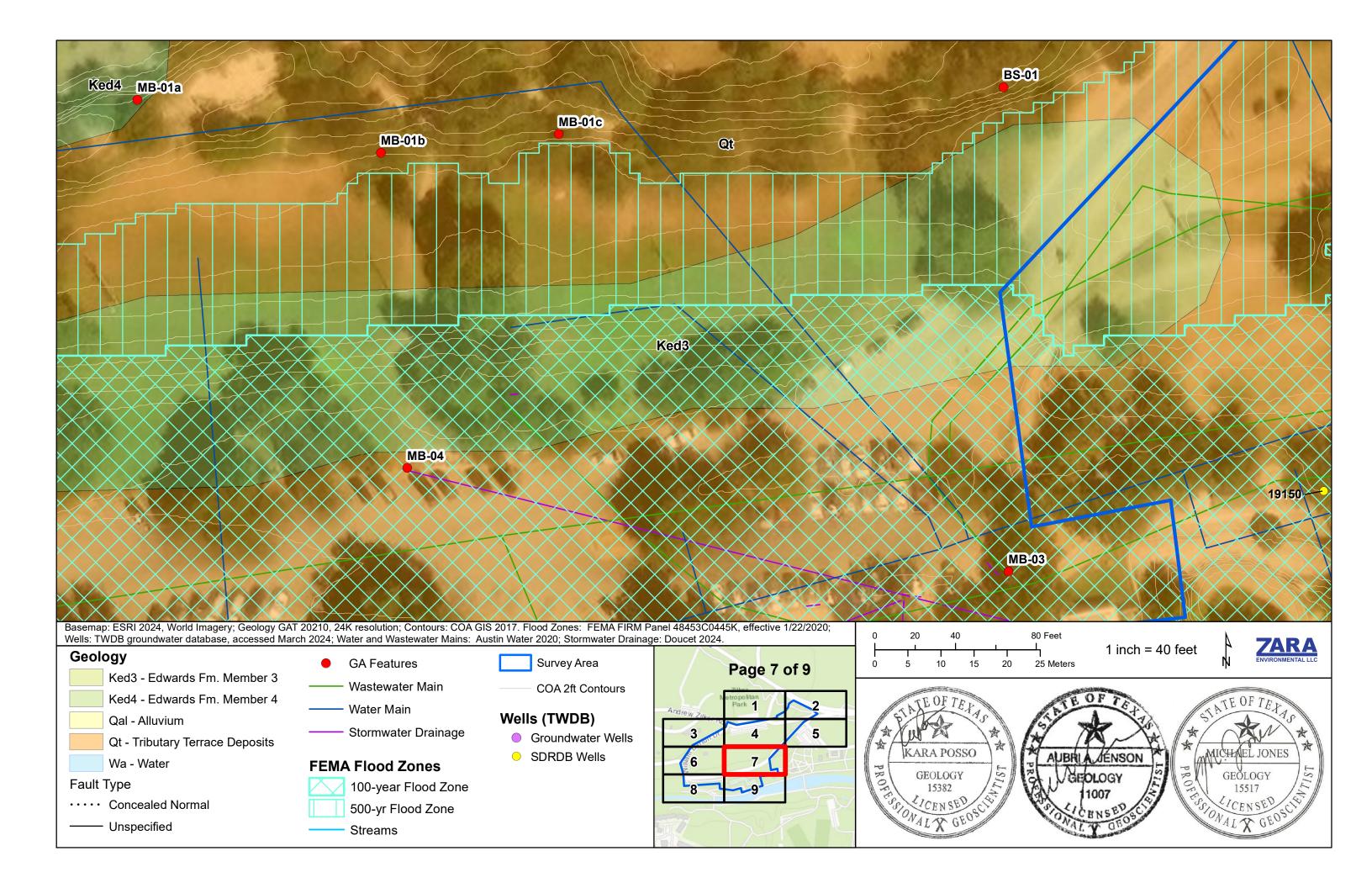


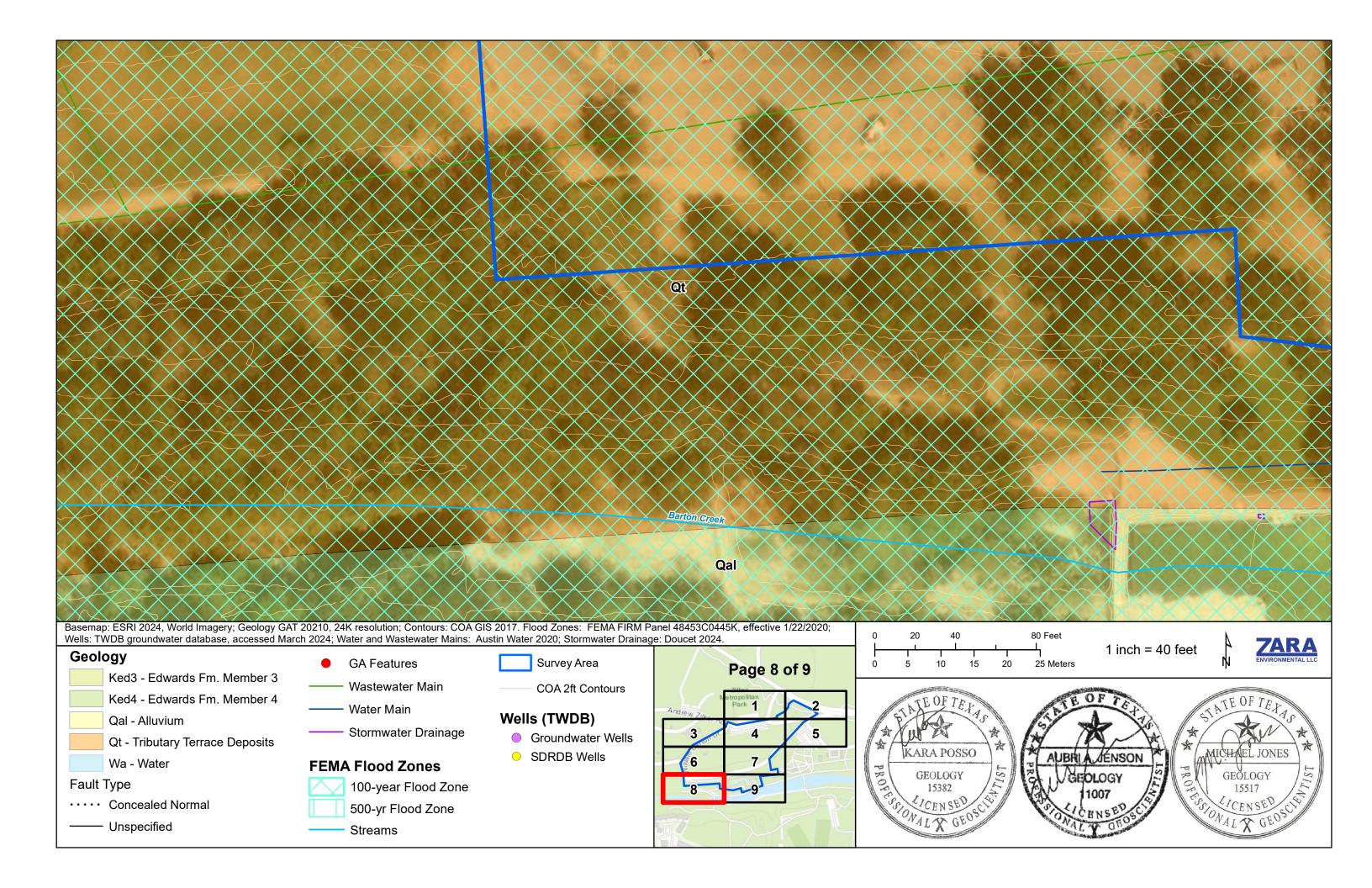


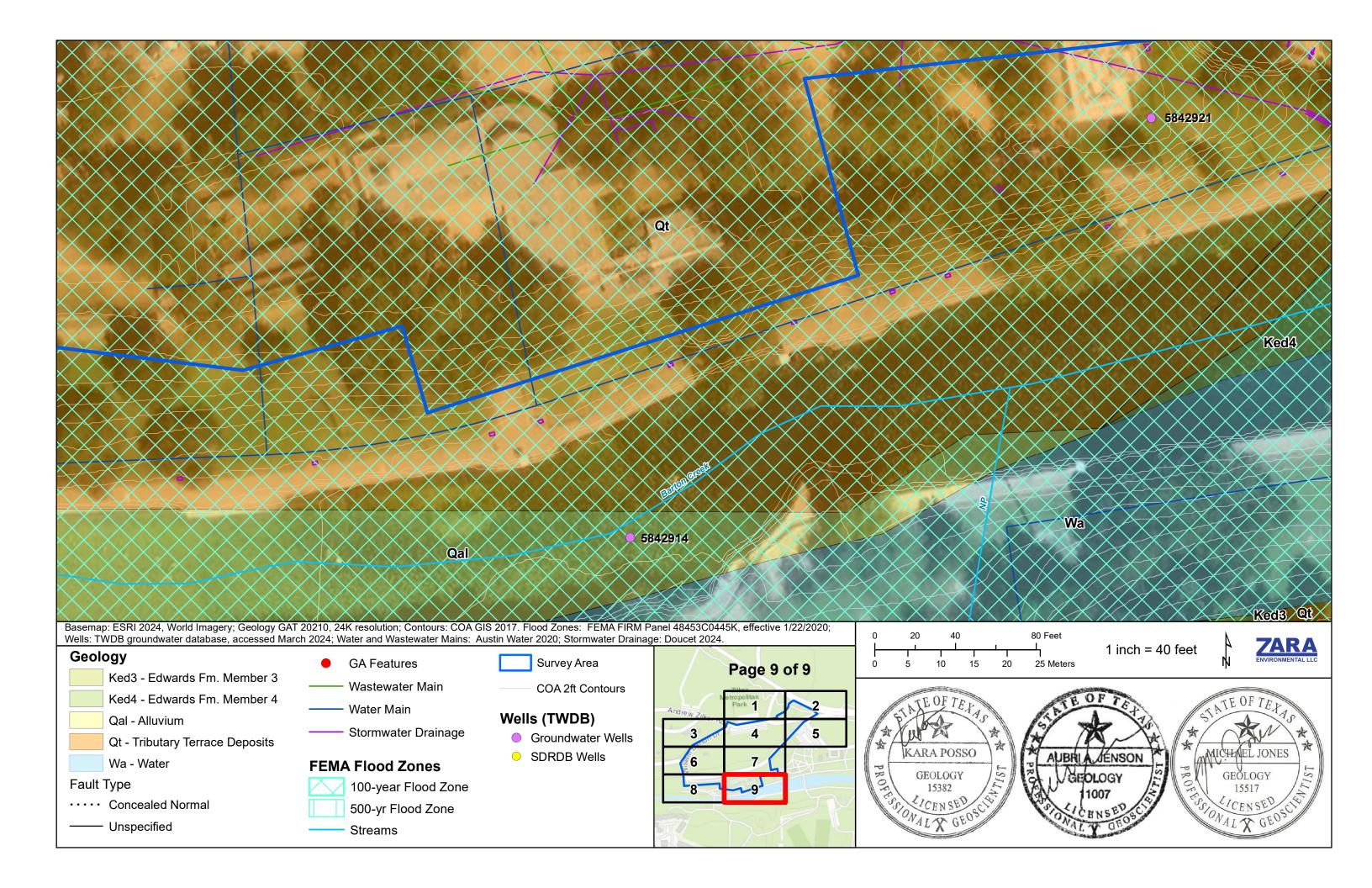












# **SUPPLEMENTAL ATTACHMENT**

**Supplemental Attachment. Survey Area Metes and Bounds Description** 



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# Recharge and Transition Zone Exception Request Form

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** 

30 TAC §213.9 Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

# Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Recharge and Transition Zone Exception Request Form** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The request was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Tom Curran

Date: <u>12/7/2023</u>

Signature of Customer/Agent:

Regulated Entity Name: Zilker Metro Park – Barton Springs Pool Bathhouse Rehabilitation

# **Exception Request**

- 1. Attachment A Nature of Exception. A narrative description of the nature of each exception requested is attached. All provisions of 30 TAC §213 Subchapter A for which an exception is being requested have been identified in the description.
- 2. Attachment B Documentation of Equivalent Water Quality Protection.

  Documentation demonstrating equivalent water quality protection for the Edwards Aquifer is attached.

# **Administrative Information**

- 3. Submit one (1) original and one (1) copy of the application, plus additional copies as needed for each affected incorporated city, groundwater conservation district, and county in which the project will be located. The TCEQ will distribute the additional copies to these jurisdictions. The copies must be submitted to the appropriate regional office.
- 4. The applicant understands that no exception will be granted for a prohibited activity in Chapter 213.
- 5. The applicant understands that prior approval under this section must be obtained from the executive director for the exception to be authorized.



# Attachment A

Ref: City of Austin Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation
Request for Exception from the Requirements of the Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Rules
30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 213

On behalf of the City of Austin, Doucet is submitting this Exception Request from the TCEQ Water Pollution Abatement Plan 30 TAC 213.3 which exempts maintenance of existing structures from the definition of a regulated activity if the maintenance does not involve addition site disturbance and there is little or no potential for contaminating ground water.

The scope of site work proposed through this Exception Request is to rehabilitate the historic Barton Springs Bathhouse and provide accessibility, emergency response, and water quality enhancement from existing conditions. This project is also going through review by the City of Austin.

#### Introduction

The City of Austin's Parks and Recreation Department desires to rehabilitate aged internal and external facilities at the historic bathhouse. These improvements include:

- Life Safety Egress and ADA accessibility improvements to the Bathhouse and Barton Springs Pool perimeter area.
- Improved fire department access on west side of existing building
- Internal plumbing and roof drainage enhancement.
- Building flood flow resistant improvements for the existing structure that is within the floodplain.
- Rehabilitation of rotunda and dressing areas
- Improvements to aquatic facility storage for Watershed Protection Department salamander biologists
- Revamping existing internal exhibits.
- Reconfiguring parking lot area to reduce impervious cover
- Enhancing water quality from an existing upstream parking lot area

#### **Impervious Cover**

The proposed maintenance activities will result in a <u>reduction</u> of impervious cover by 302 square feet and there is no expansion of existing facilities.

## **Watershed and Floodplain**

The property is located in the Barton Creek watershed, which is located within the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone. A portion of the site is also located within the FEMA and City of Austin 100-year floodplains.

## **Critical Environmental Features**

An Environmental Resource Inventory and Geologic Assessment have been performed for the area of interest and is being provided with this Exception Request. Barton and Eliza Springs are Critical Environmental Features (CEFs) and maintenance and building rehabilitation is within 150-feet of these features.

## **Storm Water Quality**

There will be a net decrease in impervious cover and the proposed work is not defined as a regulated activity under 30 TAC 213. The project proposes to provide stormwater quality improvements to treat existing impervious cover



for portions of an existing parking lot. The water quality measure will be a passive vegetative filter strip followed by a bio-filtration area and natural infiltration component. This water quality enhancement measure provides stormwater runoff treatment to the existing parking area in lieu of the existing conditions in which discharge is directly into the creek through the stormwater bypass structure along the north side of the Barton Springs Pool.

#### **Erosion and Sedimentation Control**

Temporary erosion and sedimentation control measures will be installed in accordance with the City of Austin and TCEQ requirements. Given that the area of work is slightly over one-acre, the city proposes to require a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan meeting the TCEQ SW3P guidance standards. Any disturbed areas outside of existing pavement areas will be stabilized and re-vegetated prior to removal of temporary erosion controls.

## **Water & Wastewater Service**

The existing bathhouse is served by an existing metered 6-inch dead end water line. In order to provide adequate fire-fighting flow capability, an 8-inch water line within the existing parking lot will be extended to the bathhouse.

There is an existing 6-inch wastewater service line that connects to an existing 8-inch line north of the bathhouse that connects to an existing 42-inch concrete gravity line. Records indicate that the 6-inch service lines for the building are vitrified clay pipe so these service laterals will be replaced with pressure rated PVC pipe. or abandoned.

If you have any questions or comments or need additional information, please contact us at any time.

Tom Curran, PE

Sr. Project Manager Doucet & Associates, Inc.

TBPE Firm# 3937

TBPLS Firm# 10194551



# **Attachment B**

October 20, 2023

Re: TCEQ Edwards Aquifer Protection Plan

City of Austin Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation

**Recharge Zone Exception Request** 

Documentation of Equivalent Water Quality Protection

Demonstrating equivalent Waster Quality Protection is no applicable in this case. This project is not a development project and will not result in any increase of impervious cover. The proposed storm water quality enhancement pond is to improve water quality from an existing parking lot that has no water quality measures and discharges into Barton Creek. Temporary construction phase erosion protection measures will be designed by a licensed Professional Engineer and the Contractor will have a Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan to implement and monitor during the construction phase.

Sincerely,

**Doucet & Associates** 

Tom Curran, PE

Senior Project Manager

# **Temporary Stormwater Section**

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** 

for Regulated Activities on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone and Relating to 30 TAC §213.5(b)(4)(A), (B), (D)(I) and (G); Effective June 1, 1999

To ensure that the application is administratively complete, confirm that all fields in the form are complete, verify that all requested information is provided, consistently reference the same site and contact person in all forms in the application, and ensure forms are signed by the appropriate party.

Note: Including all the information requested in the form and attachments contributes to more streamlined technical reviews.

# Signature

To the best of my knowledge, the responses to this form accurately reflect all information requested concerning the proposed regulated activities and methods to protect the Edwards Aquifer. This **Temporary Stormwater Section** is hereby submitted for TCEQ review and executive director approval. The application was prepared by:

Print Name of Customer/Agent: Tom Curran, PE

Date: April 15, 2024

Signature of Customer/Agent:

**Regulated Entity Name:** City of Austin

# **Project Information**

# **Potential Sources of Contamination**

Examples: Fuel storage and use, chemical storage and use, use of asphaltic products, construction vehicles tracking onto public roads, and existing solid waste.

1.	Fuels for construction equipment and hazardous substances which will be used during construction:
	$\hfill\Box$ The following fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored on the site: $\hfill$ $\hfil$
	These fuels and/or hazardous substances will be stored in:
	Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of less than 250 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.

	Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity between 250 gallons and 499 gallons will be stored on the site for less than one (1) year.  Aboveground storage tanks with a cumulative storage capacity of 500 gallons or
	more will be stored on the site. An Aboveground Storage Tank Facility Plan application must be submitted to the appropriate regional office of the TCEQ prior to moving the tanks onto the project.
	igstyle igstyle Fuels and hazardous substances will not be stored on the site.
2.	Attachment A - Spill Response Actions. A site specific description of the measures to be taken to contain any spill of hydrocarbons or hazardous substances is attached.
3.	Temporary aboveground storage tank systems of 250 gallons or more cumulative storage capacity must be located a minimum horizontal distance of 150 feet from any domestic, industrial, irrigation, or public water supply well, or other sensitive feature.
4.	Attachment B - Potential Sources of Contamination. A description of any activities or processes which may be a potential source of contamination affecting surface water quality is attached.
S	equence of Construction
5.	Attachment C - Sequence of Major Activities. A description of the sequence of major activities which will disturb soils for major portions of the site (grubbing, excavation, grading, utilities, and infrastructure installation) is attached.
	<ul> <li>For each activity described, an estimate (in acres) of the total area of the site to be disturbed by each activity is given.</li> <li>For each activity described, include a description of appropriate temporary control measures and the general timing (or sequence) during the construction process that the measures will be implemented.</li> </ul>
6.	Name the receiving water(s) at or near the site which will be disturbed or which will receive discharges from disturbed areas of the project: <u>Barton Creek</u>

# Temporary Best Management Practices (TBMPs)

Erosion control examples: tree protection, interceptor swales, level spreaders, outlet stabilization, blankets or matting, mulch, and sod. Sediment control examples: stabilized construction exit, silt fence, filter dikes, rock berms, buffer strips, sediment traps, and sediment basins. Please refer to the Technical Guidance Manual for guidelines and specifications. All structural BMPs must be shown on the site plan.

7. Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures. TBMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater, and stormwater. The construction-phase BMPs for erosion and sediment controls have been designed to retain sediment on site to the extent practicable. The following information is attached:

	A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water, groundwater or stormwater that originates upgradient from the site and flows across the site.
	<ul> <li>A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollution of surface water or groundwater that originates on-site or flows off site, including pollution caused by contaminated stormwater runoff from the site.</li> <li>✓ A description of how BMPs and measures will prevent pollutants from entering surface streams, sensitive features, or the aquifer.</li> </ul>
	A description of how, to the maximum extent practicable, BMPs and measures will maintain flow to naturally-occurring sensitive features identified in either the geologic assessment, TCEQ inspections, or during excavation, blasting, or construction.
8.	The temporary sealing of a naturally-occurring sensitive feature which accepts recharge to the Edwards Aquifer as a temporary pollution abatement measure during active construction should be avoided.
	Attachment E - Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature. A request to temporarily seal a feature is attached. The request includes justification as to why no reasonable and practicable alternative exists for each feature.
	There will be no temporary sealing of naturally-occurring sensitive features on the site.
9.	<b>Attachment F - Structural Practices</b> . A description of the structural practices that will be used to divert flows away from exposed soils, to store flows, or to otherwise limit runoff discharge of pollutants from exposed areas of the site is attached. Placement of structural practices in floodplains has been avoided.
10.	<b>Attachment G - Drainage Area Map</b> . A drainage area map supporting the following requirements is attached:
	<ul> <li>For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin will be provided.</li> <li>For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used.</li> </ul>
	For areas that will have more than 10 acres within a common drainage area disturbed at one time, a sediment basin or other equivalent controls are not attainable, but other TBMPs and measures will be used in combination to protect down slope and side slope boundaries of the construction area.
	There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. A smaller sediment basin and/or sediment trap(s) will be used in combination with other erosion and sediment controls within each disturbed drainage area.

	There are no areas greater than 10 acres within a common drainage area that will be disturbed at one time. Erosion and sediment controls other than sediment basins or sediment traps within each disturbed drainage area will be used.
11.	Attachment H - Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations. Temporary sediment pond or basin construction plans and design calculations for a proposed temporary BMP or measure have been prepared by or under the direct supervision of a Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. All construction plans and design information must be signed, sealed, and dated by the Texas Licensed Professional Engineer. Construction plans for the proposed temporary BMPs and measures are attached.
$\boxtimes$	N/A
12. 🔀	<b>Attachment I - Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs.</b> A plan for the inspection of each temporary BMP(s) and measure(s) and for their timely maintenance, repairs, and, if necessary, retrofit is attached. A description of the documentation procedures, recordkeeping practices, and inspection frequency are included in the plan and are specific to the site and/or BMP.
13. 🔀	All control measures must be properly selected, installed, and maintained in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and good engineering practices. If periodic inspections by the applicant or the executive director, or other information indicate a control has been used inappropriately, or incorrectly, the applicant must replace or modify the control for site situations.
14. 🔀	If sediment escapes the construction site, off-site accumulations of sediment must be removed at a frequency sufficient to minimize offsite impacts to water quality (e.g., fugitive sediment in street being washed into surface streams or sensitive features by the next rain).
15. 🔀	Sediment must be removed from sediment traps or sedimentation ponds not later than when design capacity has been reduced by 50%. A permanent stake will be provided that can indicate when the sediment occupies 50% of the basin volume.
16. 🔀	Litter, construction debris, and construction chemicals exposed to stormwater shall be prevented from becoming a pollutant source for stormwater discharges (e.g., screening outfalls, picked up daily).

# Soil Stabilization Practices

Examples: establishment of temporary vegetation, establishment of permanent vegetation, mulching, geotextiles, sod stabilization, vegetative buffer strips, protection of trees, or preservation of mature vegetation.

17. Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices. A schedule of the interim and permanent soil stabilization practices for the site is attached.

18. Records must be kept at the site of the dates when major grading activities occur, the dates when construction activities temporarily or permanently cease on a portion of the site, and the dates when stabilization measures are initiated.
19. Stabilization practices must be initiated as soon as practicable where construction activities have temporarily or permanently ceased.

# **Administrative Information**

- 20. All structural controls will be inspected and maintained according to the submitted and approved operation and maintenance plan for the project.
- 21. If any geologic or manmade features, such as caves, faults, sinkholes, etc., are discovered, all regulated activities near the feature will be immediately suspended. The appropriate TCEQ Regional Office shall be immediately notified. Regulated activities must cease and not continue until the TCEQ has reviewed and approved the methods proposed to protect the aquifer from any adverse impacts.
- 22. Silt fences, diversion berms, and other temporary erosion and sediment controls will be constructed and maintained as appropriate to prevent pollutants from entering sensitive features discovered during construction.

# Attachment A - Spill Response Actions

(Note: the attachments to the Temporary Pollution Prevention Control Measures and discussion below were taken from a previously approved TCEQ WPAP application for a construction project in Comal County (Johnson Ranch Section 3) and modified as needed to address the particulars of the Barton Springs Bathhouse rehabilitation project and the TCEQ WPAP Exception application)

The objective of this section is to describe measures to prevent or reduce the discharge of pollutants to drainage systems or watercourses. Measures include reducing the chance for spills, stopping the source of spills, containing and cleaning up spills, properly disposing of spill materials, and training employees.

The following steps will help reduce the stormwater impacts of leaks and spills:

#### Education

- (1) Be aware that different materials pollute in different amounts. Make sure that each employee knows what a "significant spill" is for each material they use, and what is the appropriate response for "significant" and "insignificant" spills. Employees should also be aware of when spill must be reported to the TCEQ. Information is available in 30 TAC 327.4 and 40 CFR 302.4. For this project, any spill should be reported immediately to the site superintendent/foreman, regardless of amount.
- (2) Educate employees and subcontractors on potential dangers to humans and the environment from spills and leaks.
- (3) Hold regular meetings to discuss and reinforce appropriate prevention and disposal procedures (incorporate into regular safety meetings).
- (4) Ensure that all employees and subcontractors understand the environmental and cultural significance of Barton Springs, Eliza Springs, Barton Creek, and surrounding area, which will be their temporary work environment.
- (5) Establish a continuing education program to indoctrinate new employees.
- (6) Have a contractor's superintendent or representative oversee and enforce proper spill prevention and control measures.

## General Measures

- (1) To the extent that the work can be accomplished safely, spills of oil, petroleum, products, substances listed under 40 CFR parts 110, 117, and 302, and sanitary and septic wastes should be contained and cleaned up immediately.
- (2) Store hazardous materials and wastes in covered containers and protect from vandalism. Any waste storage area will be designated appropriately and located outside of drainage pathways and at least 150-feet from the creek or springs.
- (3) Place stockpiles of spill cleanup materials where it will be readily accessible.
- (4) Train employees in spill prevention and cleanup.
- (5) Designate responsible individuals to oversee and enforce control measures.
- (6) Spills should be covered and protected from stormwater runoff during rainfall to the extent that is doesn't compromise cleanup activities.
- (7) Do not bury or wash spills with water.
- (8) Store and dispose of used clean up materials, contaminated materials, and

- recovered spill material that is no longer suitable for the intended purpose in conformance with the provisions in applicable BMP's.
- (9) Do not allow water used for cleaning and decontamination to enter storm drains or watercourses. Collect and dispose of contaminated water in accordance with applicable regulations.
- (10) Contain water overflow or minor water spillage and do not allow it to discharge into drainage facilities or watercourses.
- (11) Place Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS), as well as proper storage, cleanup, and spill reporting instructions for hazardous materials stored or used on the project site in an open, conspicuous, and accessible location.
- (12) Keep waste storage areas clean, well-organized, and equipped with ample cleanup supplies as appropriate for the materials being stored. Perimeter controls, containment structures, covers, and liners should be repaired or replaced as needed to maintain proper function.

# Cleanup

- (1) Clean up leaks and spills immediately
- (2) Use a rag for small spills on paved surfaces, a damp mop for general cleanup, and absorbent material for larger spills. If the spilled material is hazardous, then the used cleanup materials are also hazardous and must be disposed of as hazardous waste.
- (3) Never hose down or bury dry material spills. Clean up as much of the material as possible and dispose of properly. See the waste management BMPs in this section for specific information.

# Minor Spills

- (1) Minor spills typically involve small quantities of oil, gasoline, paint, etc. which can be controlled by the first responder at the discovery of the spill.
- (2) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill.
- (3) Absorbent materials should be promptly removed and disposed of properly.
- (4) Follow the practice below for a minor spill:
- (5) Contain the spread of the spill
- (6) Recover spilled materials
- (7) Clean the contaminated area and properly dispose of contaminated materials.

#### Semi-Significant Spills

Semi-significant spills still can be controlled by the first responder along with the aid of other personnel such as laborers and the foreman, etc. This response may require the cessation of all other activities.

Spills should be cleaned up immediately using the following steps:

- (1) Contain spread of the spill
- (2) Notify the project foreman immediately
- (3) If the spill occurs on paved or impermeable surfaces, clean up using "dry" methods (absorbent materials, cat litter and/or rags). Contain the spill by encircling with absorbent materials and do not let the spill spreadwidely.
- (4) If the spill occurs in dirt areas, immediately contain the spill by constructing an earthen dike. Dig up and properly dispose of contaminated soil.

(5) If the spill occurs during rain, cover spill with tarps or other material to prevent contaminating runoff.

# Significant/Hazardous Spills

- (1) Notify the TCEQ by telephone as soon as possible and certainly within 24 hours at 512- 339-2929 (Austin) or 210-490-3096 (San Antonio) between 8 AM and 5 PM. After hours, contact the Environmental Release Hotline at 1-800-832-8224. It is the contractor's responsibility to have all emergency phone numbers at the construction site.
- (2) For spills of federal reportable quantities, in conformance with the requirements in 40 CFR parts 110,119, and 302, the contractor should notify the National Response Center at (800) 424-8802.
- (3) Notification should first be made by telephone and followed up with a written report.
- (4) The services of a spill contractor or a Haz-Mat team should be obtained immediately. Construction personnel should not attempt to clean up until the appropriate and qualified staffs have arrived at the job site.
- (5) Other agencies which may need to be consulted include, but are not limited to, the City Police Department, County Sheriff Office, Fire Departments, etc.

More information on spill rules and appropriate responses is available on the TCEQ website at : <a href="http://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/">http://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/</a>

# Vehicle and Equipment Maintenance

- (1) If maintenance must occur onsite, use a designated area and a secondary containment, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the runoff of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Regularly inspect onsite vehicles and equipment for leaks and repair immediately.
- (3) Check incoming vehicles and equipment (including delivery trucks, and employee and subcontractor vehicles) for leaking oil and fluids. Do not allow leaking vehicles or equipment onsite.
- (4) Always use secondary containment, such as drain pan or drop cloth, to catch spills or leaks when removing or changing fluids.
- (5) Place drip pans or absorbent materials under paving equipment when not in use.
- (6) Use absorbent materials on small spills rather than hosing down or burying the spill. Remove the absorbent materials promptly and dispose of properly.
- (7) Promptly transfer used fluids to the proper waste or recycling drums. Don't leave full drip pans or other open containers lying around.
- (8) Oil filters disposed of in trashcans or dumpsters can leak oil and pollute stormwater. Place the oil filter in a funnel over the waste oil-recycling drum to drain excess oil before disposal. Oil filters can also be recycled. Ask the oil supplier or recycler about recycling oil filters.
- (9) Store cracked batteries in a non-leaking secondary container. Do this with all cracked batteries even if you think all of the acid has drained out. If you drop a battery, treat it as if it is cracked. Put it into the containment area until you are sure it is not leaking.

# Vehicle and Equipment Fueling

- (1) If fueling must occur on site, use designated areas, located away from drainage courses, to prevent the run on of stormwater and the runoff of spills.
- (2) Discourage "topping off" of fuel tanks.
- (3) Always use secondary containment, such as a drain pan, when fueling to catch spills/ leaks.

# To report an environmental emergency, discharge, spill, or air release, contact:

# State

- State of Texas Spill-Reporting Hotline and the <u>SERC</u>:
- 1-800-832-8224—24 hours a day
- TCEQ Austin Regional Office, Monday-Friday, 8:00 a.m.- 5:00 p.m. 512- 339-2929 (Austin)

## Go to:

https://www.tceq.texas.gov/response/spills/spills.html

for additional information on Spill Protocol

# **Attachment B – Potential Sources of Contamination**

Potential Source: Oil, grease, fuel, and hydraulic fluid contamination

from

construction equipment and vehicle drippings

Preventative Measure: Vehicle maintenance, when possible, will be

performed withinthe

construction staging areas.

Potential Source: Miscellaneous trash and litter from construction

Preventative Measure: Trash containers will be placed

throughout the site to encourage

proper trash disposal.

Potential Source: Construction debris

Preventative Measure:

daily by contractor.

Construction debris will be monitored

Debris will be collected on at least a weekly if not daily basis and placed in disposal

bins.

# **Attachment C – Sequence of Major Activities**

For all activities listed below, Erosion and Sediment control measures have been included in the construction plans to lessen the impact of disturbed soils during the major activities in construction. Please refer to these sheets in the Construction Drawings for more detailed information.

# Install temporary erosion and sedimentation controls.

- Mulch socks
- Tree Protection and protection of existing vegetative areas not to be disturbed.

#### **Construction of Utilities:**

- Install new wastewater lines
- Install new water lines
- Install new electric & communication lines

# Internal Building/bathhouse rehabilitation

# **Construction of Water Quality improvements**

• for runoff from pre-existing parking area.

**Revegetation** of all disturbed areas not under existing pavement.

Total Disturbed Area: <u>1.2 acres</u>

New Impervious Cover: 0.000 acres

(there will be a slight reduction of impervious cover from existing conditions)

## Attachment D – Temporary Best Management Practices and Measures

Temporary BMP's included in this plan include:

- Mulch Socks
- Storm Inlet Filter Dikes
- Tree Protection Fencing
- Fencing to protect existing vegetation areas to minimize disturbance
- Contained Concrete wash out area

Temporary measures are intended to provide a method of slowing the flow or runoff from the construction site in order to allow sediment and suspended solids to settle out of the water. By containing the sediment and solids within the site, they will not enter surface streams and/or sensitive features.

#### Site Preparation:

While there is little clearing and grading of the land proposed given existing developed conditions of the site, excavation for utility trenches and areas around the bathhouse will disturb soil, so erosion control measures will be installed as the first step in construction. The methodology for pollution prevention of all on-site stormwater will include a) the erection of mulch socks along the downgradient boundary of the construction activities, b) installation of mulch socks downgradient from areas of concentrated stormwater flow, c) installation of contained concrete washout area, and d) installation of a construction staging area.

#### Construction:

All installed erosion control measures will be inspected, and as necessary, repaired before any additional construction begins, as well as inspected periodically throughout the construction process in accordance with the Contractor's Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SW3P). The contractor will be responsible for all maintenance of erosion control measures, as well as the installation of all remaining on-site control measures.

The following measures are proposed pollution preventative measures for these areas:

Onsite storm water / surface water / groundwater – Mulch socks are predominantly being utilized given the park nature of the site. Tree protection and fencing off existing vegetative areas will also be incorporated to limit construction footprint and minimize erosion.

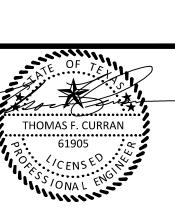
## Attachment E – Request to Temporarily Seal a Feature (if sealing a feature)

There is no feature we know of that will need to be sealed.	We will notify TCEQ if we come across
one.	

### <u>Attachment F – Structural Practices</u>

We have no structural practices.

### Attachment G - Drainage Area Map



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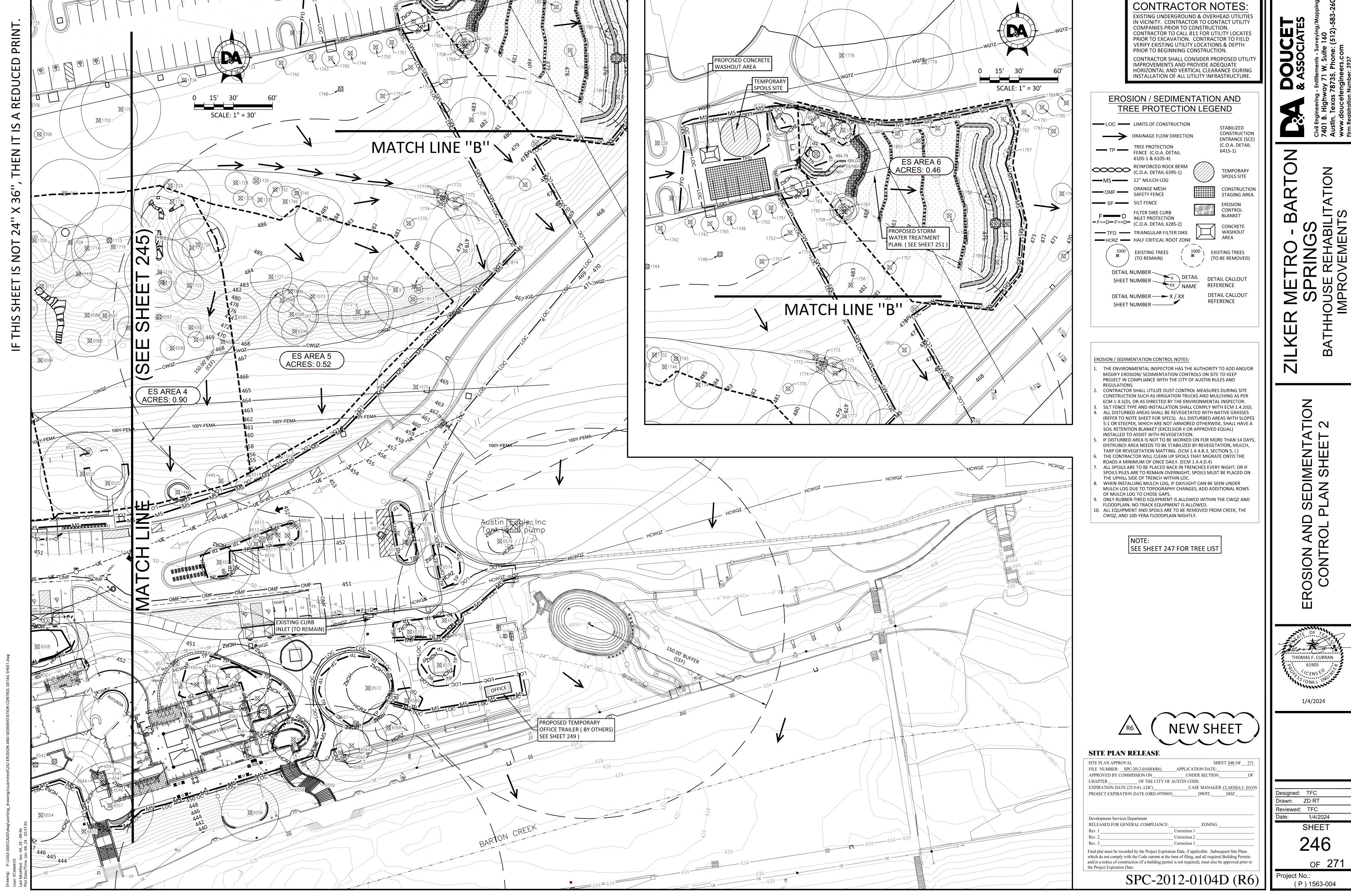
1/4/2024

Designed: TFC

Reviewed: TFC 1/4/2024 SHEET

245 of 271

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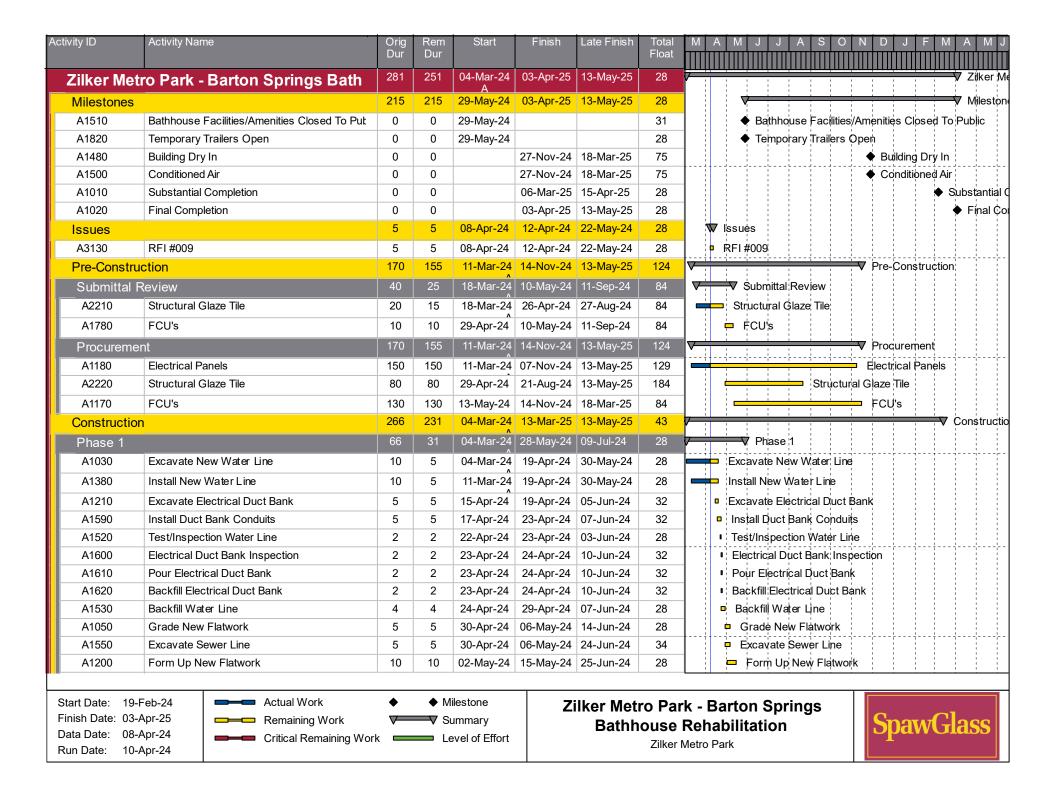
### Attachment H - Temporary Sediment Pond(s) Plans and Calculations

There is no increase in impervious cover. We are providing a pond, but that was just for providing environmental enhancement for the City process.

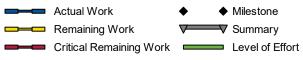
### Attachment I - Inspection and Maintenance for BMPs

There is no increase in impervious cover.	We are providing a pond,	but that was ju	st for providing
environmental enhancement for the City	process.		

Attachment J - Schedule of Interim and Permanent Soil Stabilization Practices



OpenfulOpping to Colore to	Dur	Dur					
0						Float	
Scarfiy/Compact Subgrade For Pervious Pav	4	4	03-May-24	08-May-24	18-Jun-24	28	<ul> <li>Scarfiy/Compact Subgrade For Pervious Paver Fire</li> </ul>
Install Sewer Line	4	4	07-May-24	10-May-24	28-Jun-24	34	□ Install Sewer Line
Install Geotextile Fabric	2	2	09-May-24	10-May-24	20-Jun-24	28	I Install Geotextile Fabric
Place & Pour Removeable Bollards	3	3	09-May-24	13-May-24	25-Jun-24	30	Place & Pour Removeable Bollards
Test/Inspection Sewer Line	2	2	13-May-24	14-May-24	02-Jul-24	34	■ Test/Inspection Sewer Line
Install ASTM NO. 57 Stone	3	3	13-May-24	15-May-24	25-Jun-24	28	■ Install ASTM NO. 57 Stone
Backfill Sewer Line	3	3	15-May-24	17-May-24	09-Jul-24	34	■ Backfill Sewer Line
Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork	4	4	16-May-24	21-May-24	01-Jul-24	28	□ Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork
Install Bedding Sand	3	3	16-May-24	20-May-24	28-Jun-24	28	■ Install Bedding Sand
Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock	5	5	21-May-24	28-May-24	09-Jul-24	28	□ Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock
Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork	2	2	22-May-24	23-May-24	03-Jul-24	28	Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork
Pour New Flatwork	2	2	24-May-24	28-May-24	09-Jul-24	28	Pour New Flatwork
	21	21	23-Apr-24	21-May-24	09-Jul-24	32	V─V Phase 1A
Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer	1	1	23-Apr-24	23-Apr-24	07-Jun-24	32	Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer
Mobolize Temporary Restroom Trailer	1	1	24-Apr-24	24-Apr-24	10-Jun-24	32	■ Mobolize Temporary Restroom Trailer
Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer	1	1	25-Apr-24	25-Apr-24	11-Jun-24	32	Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer
Rehab Temp Trailers	5	5	26-Apr-24	02-May-24	18-Jun-24	32	Rehab Temp Trailers
Hook Up Power To Temp Trailers	5	5	03-May-24	09-May-24	25-Jun-24	32	Hook Up Power To Temp Trailers
Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers	4	4	10-May-24	15-May-24	01-Jul-24	32	□ Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers
Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers	4	4	16-May-24	21-May-24	09-Jul-24	32	■ Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers
	40	40	09-Aug-24	04-Oct-24	15-Apr-25	133	<b>▽</b> Phase 1B
Establish Perimeter Fence	2	2	09-Aug-24	12-Aug-24	20-Feb-25	133	□ Establish Perimeter Fence
Install Erosion Control Measures	3	3	13-Aug-24	15-Aug-24	25-Feb-25	133	<ul> <li>Install Erosion Control Measures</li> </ul>
Regrade Water Quality Pond	10	10	16-Aug-24	29-Aug-24	11-Mar-25	133	□ Regrade Water Quality Pond
Form/Pour Pilot Channel	5	5	30-Aug-24	06-Sep-24	18-Mar-25	133	□ Form/Pour Pilot Channel
Install Rock Spreader Structures	5	5	09-Sep-24	13-Sep-24	25-Mar-25	133	□ Install Rock Spreader Structures
Install Flow Splitter Box	5	5	16-Sep-24	20-Sep-24	01-Apr-25	133	□ Install Flow Splitter Box
Install Vegetative Filter Strips	5	5	23-Sep-24	27-Sep-24	08-Apr-25	133	□ Install Vegetative Filter Strips
Lay Bermuda SOD	5	5				133	□ Lay Bermuda SOD
	130	130	29-May-24			113	Phase 2
	130	130	29-May-24	03-Dec-24	13-May-25	113	Building
1	26	26	17-Jul-24	21-Aug- <u>2</u> 4	11-Mar-25	139	<b>V</b> → <b>V</b> Foundation
	17	17	17-Jul-24			133	<b>▼</b> ▼ West
	Place & Pour Removeable Bollards  Test/Inspection Sewer Line Install ASTM NO. 57 Stone Backfill Sewer Line Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork Install Bedding Sand Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork Pour New Flatwork  Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer Mobolize Temporary Restroom Trailer Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer Rehab Temp Trailers Hook Up Power To Temp Trailers Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers  Establish Perimeter Fence Install Erosion Control Measures Regrade Water Quality Pond Form/Pour Pilot Channel Install Rock Spreader Structures Install Flow Splitter Box Install Vegetative Filter Strips	Place & Pour Removeable Bollards         3           Test/Inspection Sewer Line         2           Install ASTM NO. 57 Stone         3           Backfill Sewer Line         3           Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork         4           Install Bedding Sand         3           Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock         5           Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork         2           Pour New Flatwork         2           Pour New Flatwork         2           Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer         1           Mobolize Temporary Restroom Trailer         1           Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer         1           Rehab Temp Trailers         5           Hook Up Power To Temp Trailers         5           Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers         4           Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers         4           Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers         4           Establish Perimeter Fence         2           Install Erosion Control Measures         3           Regrade Water Quality Pond         10           Form/Pour Pilot Channel         5           Install Flow Splitter Box         5           Install Vegetative Filter Strips         5           Lay Bermuda SOD </td <td>Place &amp; Pour Removeable Bollards         3         3           Test/Inspection Sewer Line         2         2           Install ASTM NO. 57 Stone         3         3           Backfill Sewer Line         3         3           Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork         4         4           Install Bedding Sand         3         3           Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock         5         5           Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork         2         2           Pour New Flatwork         2         2           Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer         1         1           Mobolize Temporary Restroom Trailer         1         1           Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer         1         1           Rehab Temp Trailers         5         5           Hook Up Power To Temp Trailers         4         4           Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers</td> <td>Place &amp; Pour Removeable Bollards         3         09-May-24           Test/Inspection Sewer Line         2         2         13-May-24           Install ASTM NO. 57 Stone         3         3         13-May-24           Backfill Sewer Line         3         3         15-May-24           Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork         4         4         16-May-24           Install Bedding Sand         3         3         16-May-24           Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock         5         5         21-May-24           Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork         2         2         22-May-24           Pour New Flatwork         2         2         22-May-24           Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer         1         1         23-Apr-24           Mobolize Temporary Restroom Trailer         1         1         24-Apr-24           Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer         1         1         25-Apr-24           Rehab Temp Trailers         5         5         30-May-24           <t< td=""><td>  Install Geotextile Fabric   2   2   09-May-24   10-May-24   Place &amp; Pour Removeable Bollards   3   3   09-May-24   13-May-24   13-May-24   14-May-24   15-May-24   15-May-24</td><td>  Install Geotextile Fabric</td><td>  Install Geotextile Fabric   2   2   09-May-24   10-May-24   20-Jun-24   28     Place &amp; Pour Removeable Bollards   3   3   09-May-24   13-May-24   25-Jun-24   30     Test/Inspection Sewer Line   2   2   13-May-24   14-May-24   02-Jul-24   34     Install RSTM NO. 57 Stone   3   3   15-May-24   15-May-24   25-Jun-24   28     Backfill Sewer Line   3   3   15-May-24   17-May-24   09-Jul-24   34     Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork   4   4   16-May-24   21-May-24   01-Jul-24   28     Install Bedding Sand   3   3   16-May-24   20-May-24   28-Jun-24   28     Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock   5   5   21-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock   5   5   21-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork   2   2   22-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Pour New Flatwork   2   2   24-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Pour New Flatwork   2   2   24-May-24   23-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer   1   1   23-Apr-24   23-Apr-24   07-Jun-24   32     Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer   1   1   24-Apr-24   24-Apr-24   10-Jun-24   32     Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer   1   1   25-Apr-24   25-Apr-24   11-Jun-24   32     Hook Up Power To Temp Trailers   5   5   03-May-24   09-May-24   25-Jun-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   5   5   09-May-24   09-May-24   25-Feb-25   133     Install Rock Spreader Structures   5   5   09-Sep-24   04-Oct-24   15-Apr-25   133     Install Rock Spreader Structures   5   5   09-Sep-24   04-Oct-</td></t<></td>	Place & Pour Removeable Bollards         3         3           Test/Inspection Sewer Line         2         2           Install ASTM NO. 57 Stone         3         3           Backfill Sewer Line         3         3           Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork         4         4           Install Bedding Sand         3         3           Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock         5         5           Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork         2         2           Pour New Flatwork         2         2           Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer         1         1           Mobolize Temporary Restroom Trailer         1         1           Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer         1         1           Rehab Temp Trailers         5         5           Hook Up Power To Temp Trailers         4         4           Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers	Place & Pour Removeable Bollards         3         09-May-24           Test/Inspection Sewer Line         2         2         13-May-24           Install ASTM NO. 57 Stone         3         3         13-May-24           Backfill Sewer Line         3         3         15-May-24           Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork         4         4         16-May-24           Install Bedding Sand         3         3         16-May-24           Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock         5         5         21-May-24           Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork         2         2         22-May-24           Pour New Flatwork         2         2         22-May-24           Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer         1         1         23-Apr-24           Mobolize Temporary Restroom Trailer         1         1         24-Apr-24           Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer         1         1         25-Apr-24           Rehab Temp Trailers         5         5         30-May-24 <t< td=""><td>  Install Geotextile Fabric   2   2   09-May-24   10-May-24   Place &amp; Pour Removeable Bollards   3   3   09-May-24   13-May-24   13-May-24   14-May-24   15-May-24   15-May-24</td><td>  Install Geotextile Fabric</td><td>  Install Geotextile Fabric   2   2   09-May-24   10-May-24   20-Jun-24   28     Place &amp; Pour Removeable Bollards   3   3   09-May-24   13-May-24   25-Jun-24   30     Test/Inspection Sewer Line   2   2   13-May-24   14-May-24   02-Jul-24   34     Install RSTM NO. 57 Stone   3   3   15-May-24   15-May-24   25-Jun-24   28     Backfill Sewer Line   3   3   15-May-24   17-May-24   09-Jul-24   34     Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork   4   4   16-May-24   21-May-24   01-Jul-24   28     Install Bedding Sand   3   3   16-May-24   20-May-24   28-Jun-24   28     Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock   5   5   21-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock   5   5   21-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork   2   2   22-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Pour New Flatwork   2   2   24-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Pour New Flatwork   2   2   24-May-24   23-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer   1   1   23-Apr-24   23-Apr-24   07-Jun-24   32     Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer   1   1   24-Apr-24   24-Apr-24   10-Jun-24   32     Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer   1   1   25-Apr-24   25-Apr-24   11-Jun-24   32     Hook Up Power To Temp Trailers   5   5   03-May-24   09-May-24   25-Jun-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   5   5   09-May-24   09-May-24   25-Feb-25   133     Install Rock Spreader Structures   5   5   09-Sep-24   04-Oct-24   15-Apr-25   133     Install Rock Spreader Structures   5   5   09-Sep-24   04-Oct-</td></t<>	Install Geotextile Fabric   2   2   09-May-24   10-May-24   Place & Pour Removeable Bollards   3   3   09-May-24   13-May-24   13-May-24   14-May-24   15-May-24   15-May-24	Install Geotextile Fabric	Install Geotextile Fabric   2   2   09-May-24   10-May-24   20-Jun-24   28     Place & Pour Removeable Bollards   3   3   09-May-24   13-May-24   25-Jun-24   30     Test/Inspection Sewer Line   2   2   13-May-24   14-May-24   02-Jul-24   34     Install RSTM NO. 57 Stone   3   3   15-May-24   15-May-24   25-Jun-24   28     Backfill Sewer Line   3   3   15-May-24   17-May-24   09-Jul-24   34     Install Reinforceing At New Flatwork   4   4   16-May-24   21-May-24   01-Jul-24   28     Install Bedding Sand   3   3   16-May-24   20-May-24   28-Jun-24   28     Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock   5   5   21-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Lay Porous Pavers Geoblock   5   5   21-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Reinforceing Inspection New Flatwork   2   2   22-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Pour New Flatwork   2   2   24-May-24   28-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Pour New Flatwork   2   2   24-May-24   23-May-24   09-Jul-24   28     Mobolize Temporary Shower Trailer   1   1   23-Apr-24   23-Apr-24   07-Jun-24   32     Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer   1   1   24-Apr-24   24-Apr-24   10-Jun-24   32     Mobolize Temporary Life Guard Trailer   1   1   25-Apr-24   25-Apr-24   11-Jun-24   32     Hook Up Power To Temp Trailers   5   5   03-May-24   09-May-24   25-Jun-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Water To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   4   4   10-May-24   15-May-24   09-Jul-24   32     Hook Up Sewer To Temp Trailers   5   5   09-May-24   09-May-24   25-Feb-25   133     Install Rock Spreader Structures   5   5   09-Sep-24   04-Oct-24   15-Apr-25   133     Install Rock Spreader Structures   5   5   09-Sep-24   04-Oct-



#### Zilker Metro Park - Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation



ity ID	Activity Name	Orig Dur	Rem Dur	Start	Finish	Late Finish	Total Float	M A M J J A S O N D J F M A
A2330	Subgrade Prep	3	3	17-Jul-24	19-Jul-24	04-Sep-24	32	: Subgrade Prep : : : : :
A2340	Excavate Grade Beams	4	4	22-Jul-24	25-Jul-24	04-Feb-25	133	■ Excavate Grade Beams
A2350	Reinforce Grade Beams/Slab	4	4	26-Jul-24	31-Jul-24	10-Feb-25	133	Reinforce Grade Beams/Slab
A2360	Form Up Slab On Grade	3	3	01-Aug-24	05-Aug-24		133	■ Form Up \$lab On Grade
A2370	Reinforcing Inspection	1	1	06-Aug-24	06-Aug-24		133	Reinforcing Inspection
A2380	Pour Slab On Grade	1	1	08-Aug-24	08-Aug-24		133	Pour Slab On Grade
Center		16	16	24-Jul-24	14-Aug-24	11-Mar-25	144	V─V Center
A2390	Subgrade Prep	3	3	24-Jul-24		09-Sep-24	30	□ Subgrade Prep
A2400	Excavate Grade Beams	4	4	29-Jul-24	01-Aug-24	26-Feb-25	144	■ Excavate Grade Beams
A2410	Reinforce Grade Beams/Slab	4	4	02-Aug-24	07-Aug-24		144	□ Reinforce Grade Beams/Slab
A2420	Form Up Slab On Grade	3	3	08-Aug-24	12-Aug-24		144	□ Form Up Slab On Grade
A2430	Reinforcing Inspection	1	1	13-Aug-24	-		144	Reinforcing Inspection
A2440	Pour Slab On Grade	1	1	14-Aug-24	_		144	Pour Slab On Grade
East		16	16	31-Jul-24	21-Aug-24		28	<b>V</b> ≕V East
A2450	Subgrade Prep	3	3	31-Jul-24	02-Aug-24	12-Sep-24	28	Subgrade Prep
A2460	Excavate Grade Beams	4	4	05-Aug-24	08-Aug-24	-	28	<ul> <li>Excavate Grade Beams</li> </ul>
A2470	Reinforce Grade Beams/Slab	4	4	09-Aug-24	14-Aug-24		28	■ Reinforce Grade Beams/Slab
A2480	Form Up Slab On Grade	3	3	15-Aug-24	_	-	28	■ Form Up Slab On Grade
A2490	Reinforcing Inspection	1	1	20-Aug-24			28	■ Reinforcing Inspection
A2500	Pour Slab On Grade	1	1	21-Aug-24	_		28	Pour Slab On Grade
Interior		120	120	29-May-24	_	13-May-25	123	<b>V</b> Interior
West		92	92	29-May-24	08-Oct-24	29-Apr-25	141	V West
A1700	Install Temporary Protection	3	3	29-May-24	31-May-24	12-Jul-24	28	■ Install Temporary Protection
A1710	Selective Demo Building	5	5	03-Jun-24	07-Jun-24		28	■ Selective Demo Building
A1720	Abatement Building	5	5	03-Jun-24	07-Jun-24		28	Abatement Building
A1140	Demo Walls	5	5	10-Jun-24	14-Jun-24		28	■ Demo Walls
A1730	Demo Slab	5	5	17-Jun-24	21-Jun-24		28	Demo Slab
A1760	Demo Underfloor Plumbing	5	5	24-Jun-24	28-Jun-24	-	28	Demo Underfloor Plumbing
A1870	Excavate/Install Underfloor Plumbing	5	5	01-Jul-24	09-Jul-24		28	Excavate/Install Underfloor Plumbing
A1880	Backfill Underfloor Plumbing	5	5	10-Jul-24		29-Aug-24	32	□ Backfill Underfloor Plumbing
A1900	Install Structural Glaze Tile	7	7	22-Aug-24			28	□ Install Structural Glaze Tile
A1940	Rehabilitate Shelter Structures	10	10	22-Aug-24	_		164	Rehabilitate Shelter Structures
A1850	Electrical Rough In	9	9		25-Sep-24		28	□ Electrical Rough In

#### Zilker Metro Park - Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation



ctivity	y ID	Activity Name	Orig Dur	Rem Dur	Start	Finish	Late Finish	Total Float	M A M J J A S O N D J F M A M
	A1860	Plumbing Rough In	18	18	13-Sep-24	08-Oct-24	03-Apr-25	123	Plumbing Rough In
	Center		112	112	10-Jun-24	15-Nov-24	13-May-25	123	V Center
	A2610	Selective Demo Building	5	5	10-Jun-24	14-Jun-24	06-May-25	225	<ul> <li>Selective Demo Building</li> </ul>
	A2620	Abatement Building	5	5	10-Jun-24	14-Jun-24	06-May-25	225	■ Abatement Building
	A2630	Demo Walls	5	5	17-Jun-24		06-May-25	220	Demo Walls
Ш	A2640	Demo Slab	5	5	24-Jun-24	28-Jun-24	•	215	■ Demo \$lab
Ш	A2650	Demo Underfloor Plumbing	5	5	01-Jul-24	09-Jul-24	06-May-25	210	□ Demo Underfloor Plumbing
Ш	A2660	Excavate/Install Underfloor Plumbing	5	5	10-Jul-24	16-Jul-24	23-Aug-24	28	<ul> <li>Excavate/Install Underfloor Plumbing</li> </ul>
	A2670	Backfill Underfloor Plumbing	5	5	17-Jul-24	23-Jul-24	-	30	□ Backfill Underfloor Plumbing
Ш	A2720	Erect Metal Stud Walls	10	10	15-Aug-24	28-Aug-24		144	□ Erect Metal Stud Walls
Ш	A2680	Erect Cold Formed Metal Framing	15	15	15-Aug-24	05-Sep-24		154	Erect Cold Formed Metal Framing
	A2770	Data Rough In	15	15	29-Aug-24	19-Sep-24	· ·	144	□ Data Rough In
Ш	A2780	Security Rough In	10	10	29-Aug-24	12-Sep-24	· ·	149	□ Security Rough In
	A2710	Install Structural Glaze Tile	10	10	03-Sep-24	16-Sep-24	13-May-25	167	☐ Install Structural Glaze Tile
	A2740	Reinforce/Pour Elevated Deck	5	5	06-Sep-24	12-Sep-24	22-Apr-25	154	□ Reinforce/Pour Elevated Deck
	A2690	Mechanical Duct Rough In	15	15	13-Sep-24	03-Oct-24	13-May-25	154	☐ Mechanical Duct Rough In
	A2700	Mechanical Piping Rough In	15	15	13-Sep-24	03-Oct-24	13-May-25	154	
Ш	A2750	Electrical Rough In	16	16	26-Sep-24	17-Oct-24	26-Nov-24	28	⊏ Electrical Rough In
	A2760	Plumbing Rough In	8	8	09-Oct-24	18-Oct-24	15-Apr-25	123	□ Plumbing Rough in
Ш	A3100	In Wall Inspection	5	5	21-Oct-24	25-Oct-24	22-Apr-25	123	□ In Wall Inspection
	A2810	Apply Spray Foam Insulation	10	10	28-Oct-24	08-Nov-24	06-May-25	123	☐ Apply Spray Foam Insulatio
	A2800	Close Up Walls	5	5	11-Nov-24	15-Nov-24	13-May-25	123	□ Close Up Wals
	East		105	105	17-Jun-24	13-Nov-24	13-May-25	125	East
Ш	A2860	Selective Demo Building	5	5	17-Jun-24	21-Jun-24	13-May-25	225	■ Selective Demo Building
Ш	A2870	Abatement Building	5	5	17-Jun-24	21-Jun-24	13-May-25	225	■ Abatement Building
	A2880	Demo Walls	5	5	24-Jun-24	28-Jun-24	13-May-25	220	□ Demo Walls
	A2890	Demo Slab	5	5	01-Jul-24	09-Jul-24	13-May-25	215	■ Demo Slab
	A2900	Demo Underfloor Plumbing	5	5	10-Jul-24	16-Jul-24	13-May-25	210	Demo Underfloor Plumbing
	A2910	Excavate/Install Underfloor Plumbing	5	5	17-Jul-24	23-Jul-24	30-Aug-24	28	■ Excavate/Install Underfloor Plumbing
	A2920	Backfill Underfloor Plumbing	5	5	24-Jul-24	30-Jul-24		28	■ Backfill Underfloor Plumbing
	A3090	Install Structural Glaze Tile	15	15	03-Sep-24	23-Sep-24	13-May-25	162	Install Structural Glaze Tile
	A2980	Rehabilitate Shelter Structures	10	10	06-Sep-24		13-May-25	164	Rehabilitate Shelter Structures
	A3000	Electrical Rough In	8	8	18-Oct-24	29-Oct-24	-	28	□ Electriçal Rough In
	A3010	Plumbing Rough In	18	18	21-Oct-24	13-Nov-24	13-May-25	125	Plumbing Rough In

#### Zilker Metro Park - Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation



ivity ID	Activity Name	Orig Dur	Rem Dur	Start	Finish	Late Finish	Total Float	M A M J J A S O N D J F M A M
Roof		62	62	03-Sep-24	27-Nov-24	18-Mar-25	75	V Raof
A2080	Demo Existing Roof	15	15	03-Sep-24	23-Sep-24	10-Jan-25	75	□ Demo Existing Roof
A2090	Install New Concrete Roof Deck	10	10	24-Sep-24	07-Oct-24	24-Jan-25	75	□ Install New Concrete Roof Dec
A2110	Install Wood Blocking	4	4	08-Oct-24	11-Oct-24	30-Jan-25	75	□ Install Wood Blocking
A2100	Install New Rigid Insulation	6	6	14-Oct-24	21-Oct-24	07-Feb-25	75	□ Install New Rigid Insulation
A2120	Install New Cover Board	7	7	22-Oct-24	30-Oct-24	18-Feb-25	75	□ Install New Cover Board
A2130	Install New Roof Membrane	15	15	31-Oct-24	20-Nov-24	11-Mar-25	75	☐ Install New Roof Membr
A2140	Install New Flashing	5	5	21-Nov-24	27-Nov-24	18-Mar-25	75	□ Install New Flashing
Exterior		71	71	22-Aug-24	03-Dec-24	13-May-25	113	<b>▼</b> Exterior
A1990	Install Exterior Sheathing	7	7	22-Aug-24	30-Aug-24	31-Dec-24	83	□ Install Exterior Sheathing
A2000	Install Wind & Water Barrier	9	9	27-Aug-24	09-Sep-24	08-Jan-25	83	□ Install Wind & Water Barrier
A2010	Install Grid Insulation	8	8	03-Sep-24	12-Sep-24	13-Jan-25	83	□ Install Grid Insulation
A1920	Lay New Stone Veneer	20	20	09-Sep-24	-	04-Feb-25	83	Lay New Stone Veneer
A2250	Install New Bond Beams West Elevation	5	5	23-Sep-24	27-Sep-24	28-Jan-25	83	□ Install New Bond Beams West E
A2230	Reinstall Stone Caps West Eelvation	5	5	30-Sep-24	04-Oct-24	04-Feb-25	83	■ Reinstall Stone Caps West Eel
A2540	Install New Bond Beams North Elevation	10	10	30-Sep-24	11-Oct-24	22-Apr-25	133	□ Install New Bond Beams North
A2550	Reinstall Stone Caps North Elevation	10	10	07-Oct-24	18-Oct-24	18-Feb-25	83	□ Reinstall Stone Caps North E
A2560	Install New Bond Beams East Elevation	5	5	14-Oct-24	18-Oct-24	29-Apr-25	133	□ Install New Bond Beams Eas
A2570	Reinstall Stone Caps East Elevation	5	5	21-Oct-24	25-Oct-24	25-Feb-25	83	Reinstall Stone Caps East E
A2580	Install New Bond Beams South Elevation	10	10	21-Oct-24	01-Nov-24	13-May-25	133	☐ Install New Bond Beams So
A2590	Reinstall Stone Caps South Elevation	10	10	28-Oct-24	08-Nov-24	11-Mar-25	83	□ Reinstall \$tone Caps \$out
A2040	Exterior Caulking	5	5	11-Nov-24	15-Nov-24	01-Apr-25	93	■ Exterior Caulking
A2510	Install Louvers	5	5	11-Nov-24	15-Nov-24	18-Mar-25	83	□ Install Louvers
A2260	Masonry Cleaning	10	10	18-Nov-24	03-Dec-24	15-Apr-25	93	
Phase 3 F	inishes	101	101	07-Oct-24	28-Feb-25	15-Apr-25	32	V Phase 3 F
A2530	Install Smart Vents	8	8	07-Oct-24	16-Oct-24	21-Feb-25	88	□ Install Smart Vents
A1300	Hang/Install Lighting	20	20	30-Oct-24	26-Nov-24	09-Jan-25	28	Hang/Install Lighting
A1290	Tape/Float/Paint	20	20	18-Nov-24	17-Dec-24	28-Jan-25	28	Tape/Float/Paint
A2520	Repair Historical Plaster	11	11	18-Nov-24	04-Dec-24	15-Jan-25	28	□ Repair Historical Plast
A1810	Install Brick Tile	5	5	05-Dec-24	11-Dec-24	22-Jan-25	28	□ Install Brick Tile
A1830	Install Ceramic Tile	5	5	11-Dec-24	17-Dec-24	28-Jan-25	28	□ Install Ceramic Tile
A2290	Epoxy Paint Concrete Floor Design	6	6	18-Dec-24	26-Dec-24	15-Apr-25	77	■ Epoxy Paint Concre
A1840	Install Rubber Base	5	5	18-Dec-24	24-Dec-24	04-Feb-25	28	□ Install Rubber Base

Actual Work ♦ Milestone

Remaining Work ✓ Summary

Critical Remaining Work Level of Effort

#### Zilker Metro Park - Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation



Activity ID	Activity Name	Orig Dur	Rem Dur	Start	Finish	Late Finish	Total Float	M A M J J A S O N D J F M A M J
A2160	Install Plumbing Fixtures	5	5	26-Dec-24	02-Jan-25	11 Eab 25	28	□ Install Plumbing Fixtur
A2170	Install Tolet Accessories	3	3	03-Jan-25	07-Jan-25		28	□ Install Tolet Accesso
A2170 A1280	Trim Out Devices	5	5	03-Jan-25 08-Jan-25	14-Jan-25		28	□ Trim Out Devices
A1270	Install Exhibits @Multi-Purpose Room	15	15	15-Jan-25	04-Feb-25		28	□ Install Exhibits @
		-			-	-		
A1430	Fire/Life Safety	10	10	15-Jan-25	28-Jan-25		53	□ Fire/Life Safety
A2270	Lithocrete Artwork	20	20	15-Jan-25	11-Feb-25		45	Lithocrete Artwo
A2280	Concrete Floor Polishing	4	4	15-Jan-25	20-Jan-25		61	□ Concrete Floor Pol
A1490	Install Plywood Paneling	20	20	22-Jan-25	18-Feb-25		40	Install Plywood
A1800	Install Exhibits @Education Room	8	8	05-Feb-25	14-Feb-25		28	□ Install Exhibits (
A1750	Install Exhibits @Rotunda	10	10	17-Feb-25	28-Feb-25		28	□ Install Exhibits
Phase 4		48	48	27-Nov-24	06-Feb-25	15-Apr-25	48	Phase 4
A1330	Demo Pavement/Pour Curb & Gutter and DG	5	5	27-Nov-24	05-Dec-24	13-Feb-25	48	□ Demo Pavement/Pour Cu
A1310	Form/Pour Sidewalks	10	10	06-Dec-24	19-Dec-24	27-Feb-25	48	□ Form/Pour Sidewalks
A1320	Erect New Fences and Decks	15	15	20-Dec-24	13-Jan-25	20-Mar-25	48	Erect New Fences a
A2300	Form & Pour West Turnstile Structure	14	14	20-Dec-24	10-Jan-25	25-Mar-25	52	Form & Pour West T
A2310	Lay Stone Veneer @ West Turnstile	12	12	13-Jan-25	28-Jan-25	10-Apr-25	52	□ Lay Stone Veneer
A1340	Install Striping & Signage	4	4	14-Jan-25	17-Jan-25	26-Mar-25	48	□ Install Striping & Sig
A1350	Install Irrigation/Landscaping	14	14	20-Jan-25	06-Feb-25	15-Apr-25	48	□ Install Irrigation/L
A2320	Install Turnstile & Fence	3	3	29-Jan-25	31-Jan-25	15-Apr-25	52	■ Install Turnstile &
Phase 5		9	9	03-Mar-25	13-Mar-25	13-May-25	43	MV Phase 5
A1400	Building Final	2	2	03-Mar-25	04-Mar-25	11-Apr-25	28	Building Final
A1390	Fire/Life Safety Final	2	2	05-Mar-25	06-Mar-25	15-Apr-25	28	■ Fire/Life Safe
A1370	Remove Temp Trailers	5	5	07-Mar-25	13-Mar-25	13-May-25	43	□ Remove Te
Close-Out		20	20	07-Mar-25	03-Apr-25	13-May-25	28	V─V Close-O
A1440	Owner/AE Punch List	20	20	07-Mar-25	03-Apr-25	13-May-25	28	Owner/A
A1450	Warranties/OAM's	5	5	07-Mar-25	13-Mar-25	13-May-25	43	□ Warranties/
A1470	Furniture Move In	5	5	07-Mar-25	13-Mar-25	06-May-25	38	□ Furniture M
A1460	Final Clean	5	5	14-Mar-25	20-Mar-25	13-May-25	38	■ Final Clear



#### Zilker Metro Park - Barton Springs Bathhouse Rehabilitation



#### **Agent Authorization Form**

For Required Signature Edwards Aquifer Protection Program Relating to 30 TAC Chapter 213 Effective June 1, 1999

1	Riley Triggs, AIA	
•	Print Name	
	Project Manager	
	Title - Owner/President/Other	
of	City of Austin Corporation/Partnership/Entity Name	
have authorized	Tom Curran	
	Print Name of Agent/Engineer	
of	Doucet & Associates, Inc.	
	Print Name of Firm	

to represent and act on the behalf of the above named Corporation, Partnership, or Entity for the purpose of preparing and submitting this plan application to the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) for the review and approval consideration of regulated activities.

#### I also understand that:

- 1. The applicant is responsible for compliance with 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 213 and any condition of the TCEQ's approval letter. The TCEQ is authorized to assess administrative penalties of up to \$10,000 per day per violation.
- 2. For those submitting an application who are not the property owner, but who have the right to control and possess the property, additional authorization is required from the owner.
- 3. Application fees are due and payable at the time the application is submitted. The application fee must be sent to the TCEQ cashier or to the appropriate regional office. The application will not be considered until the correct fee is received by the commission.
- 4. A notarized copy of the Agent Authorization Form must be provided for the person preparing the application, and this form must accompany the completed application.
- 5. No person shall commence any regulated activity on the Edwards Aquifer Recharge Zone, Contributing Zone or Transition Zone until the appropriate application for the activity has been filed with and approved by the Executive Director.

#### SIGNATURE PAGE:

Applicant's Signature

11/21/2023 Date

THE STATE OF TOXAS §

BEFORE ME, the undersigned authority, on this day personally appeared <u>Rifey Triggs</u> known to me to be the person whose name is subscribed to the foregoing instrument, and acknowledged to me that (s)he executed same for the purpose and consideration therein expressed.

GIVEN under my hand and seal of office on this 21st day of November, 10



NOTARY PUBLIC

Thensa Nicole Hemandle
Typed or Printed Name of Notary

MY COMMISSION EXPIRES: D8-19-2025

## **Application Fee Form**

Texas Commission on Environmental Quality  Name of Proposed Regulated Entity: Zilker Metro Park – Barton Springs Pool Bathhouse Rehabilitation  Regulated Entity Location: 2201 Barton Springs Road  Name of Customer: City of Austin  Contact Person: Riley Triggs, AIA Phone: 512/636-3521  Customer Reference Number (if issued):CN 600135198  Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued):RN						
Austin Regional Office (3373)						
Hays	Travis	$\square$ W	illiamson			
San Antonio Regional Office (336	2)					
Bexar	Medina	□Uv	valde			
Comal	Kinney					
Application fees must be paid by o		or manay ardar nayah	lo to the <b>Toyas</b>			
Commission on Environmental Q						
form must be submitted with you	=					
_						
Austin Regional Office	=	an Antonio Regional O				
Mailed to: TCEQ - Cashier	∐ 0	vernight Delivery to: 1	ΓCEQ - Cashier			
Revenues Section	1	2100 Park 35 Circle				
Mail Code 214	В	uilding A, 3rd Floor				
P.O. Box 13088	A	Austin, TX 78753				
Austin, TX 78711-3088	(,	512)239-0357				
Site Location (Check All That App	ly):					
Recharge Zone	Contributing Zone	Transi	tion Zone			
Type of Plan	n	Size	Fee Due			
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,	Contributing Zone					
Plan: One Single Family Residentia	al Dwelling	Acres	\$			
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,						
Plan: Multiple Single Family Reside	ential and Parks	Acres	\$			
Water Pollution Abatement Plan,	Contributing Zone					
Plan: Non-residential	Acres	\$				
Sewage Collection System		L.F.	\$			
Lift Stations without sewer lines		Acres	\$			

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Date: <u>3/26/</u>24

Underground or Aboveground Storage Tank Facility

Tanks \$

Each \$

Each \$

Each \$500.00

Piping System(s)(only)

Extension of Time

Exception

## **Application Fee Schedule**

**Texas Commission on Environmental Quality** 

Edwards Aquifer Protection Program 30 TAC Chapter 213 (effective 05/01/2008)

#### Water Pollution Abatement Plans and Modifications

**Contributing Zone Plans and Modifications** 

_	Project Area in	
Project	Acres	Fee
One Single Family Residential Dwelling	< 5	\$650
Multiple Single Family Residential and Parks	< 5	\$1,500
	5 < 10	\$3,000
	10 < 40	\$4,000
	40 < 100	\$6,500
	100 < 500	\$8,000
	≥ 500	\$10,000
Non-residential (Commercial, industrial, institutional,	< 1	\$3,000
multi-family residential, schools, and other sites	1 < 5	\$4,000
where regulated activities will occur)	5 < 10	\$5,000
	10 < 40	\$6,500
	40 < 100	\$8,000
	≥ 100	\$10,000

Organized Sewage Collection Systems and Modifications

Project	Cost per Linear Foot	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Sewage Collection Systems	\$0.50	\$650 - \$6,500

# Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank System Facility Plans and Modifications

Project	Cost per Tank or Piping System	Minimum Fee- Maximum Fee
Underground and Aboveground Storage Tank Facility	\$650	\$650 - \$6,500

**Exception Requests** 

Project	Fee		
Exception Request	\$500		

**Extension of Time Requests** 

Project	Fee
Extension of Time Request	\$150



## **TCEQ Core Data Form**

For detailed instructions on completing this form, please read the Core Data Form Instructions or call 512-239-5175.

### **SECTION I: General Information**

1. Reason for	Submissi	on (If other is checked	d please describ	e in space pr	rovided.)					
New Pern	nit, Registra	ation or Authorization	(Core Data For	m should be	submitted v	vith the prog	gram application.)			
Renewal	(Core Data	Form should be submi	tted with the re	enewal form)	)		Other			
2. Customer Reference Number (if issued) Follow this link to search				<u>"</u>	3. Regulated Entity Reference Number (if issued)					
CN 600135198   for CN or RN numbers in   Central Registry**						n RN				
ECTIO	N II:	Customer	Inforn	nation	<u>1</u>					
4. General Cu	ıstomer Ir	nformation	5. Effective	Date for Cu	ustomer Ir	nformation	Updates (mm/dd	I/yyyy)		
New Custon	mer	Пі	  pdate to Custo	mer Informa	ntion	☐ Cha	nge in Regulated Er	ntity Own	ership	
=		(Verifiable with the Te	-			_		,		
The Custome	r Name sı	ubmitted here may	be updated a	utomatical	lly based o	n what is	current and activ	e with th	ne Texas Seci	retary of State
(SOS) or Texa	s Comptro	oller of Public Accou	ınts (CPA).							
6. Customer	Legal Nam	ne (If an individual, pri	int last name fi	rst: eg: Doe, J	John)		If new Customer	, enter pre	evious Custom	er below:
City of Austin										
7. TX SOS/CP	A Filing N	umber	8. TX State	<b>Tax ID</b> (11 d	digits)		9. Federal Tax ID		10. DUNS Number (if	
							(0.1: ".)		applicable)	
							(9 digits)			
		Псини					1 -1	Destar		
11. Type of C		Corpora				☐ Indivi				neral Limited
		County  Federal	Local State	Other		☐ Sole F	Proprietorship	Ot		
12. Number o	of Employ	ees					13. Independe	ently Ow	ned and Ope	erated?
0-20	21-100 [	101-250 251	500 🛭 501	and higher			⊠ Yes	☐ No		
14. Customer	<b>r Role</b> (Pro	posed or Actual) – as	it relates to the	Regulated E	ntity listed o	on this form.	Please check one o	of the follo	owing	
Owner			☐ Ov	vner & Opera	ator		☐ Other	··		
Occupation	al Licensee	Responsible Pa	rty 🗌	VCP/BSA App	olicant		Other			
	PO Box 1	088								
15. Mailing										
Address:	City	Austin		State	ТХ	ZIP	78767		ZIP + 4	
16. Country N	Mailing In	formation (if outside	USA)		1	7. E-Mail A	ddress (if applicat	ole)		
18. Telephon	e Number	,		19. Extension	on or Code	2	20. Fax	Number	(if applicable)	

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( 512 ) 636-3521	( ) -

## **SECTION III: Regulated Entity Information**

21. General Regulated Entity Information (If 'New Regulated Entity" is selected, a new permit application is also required.)									
New Regulated Entity Update to Regulated Entity Name Update to Regulated Entity Information									
The Regulated Entity Name submitted may be updated, in order to meet TCEQ Core Data Standards (removal of organizational endings such as Inc, LP, or LLC).									
22. Regulated Entity Nan	<b>ne</b> (Enter nam	ne of the site where	e the regulated actio	n is taking pla	ice.)				
Zilker Metro Park – Barton Springs Pool Bathhouse Rehabilitation									
23. Street Address of the Regulated Entity:	2201 Barto	201 Barton Springs Road							
(No PO Boxes)	City	Austin	State	TX	ZIP	78746		ZIP + 4	
24. County	Travis		,	-	1	1		1	
	1	If no Stree	t Address is provi	ded, fields 2	5-28 are re	quired.			
25. Description to	Rehabilitate	the historic Spring	gs Bathhouse at 220	1 Barton Sprir	ngs Road.				
Physical Location:			5····						
26. Nearest City						State		Nea	rest ZIP Code
Austin						TX		7874	46
Latitude/Longitude are required and may be added/updated to meet TCEQ Core Data Standards. (Geocoding of the Physical Address may be used to supply coordinates where none have been provided or to gain accuracy).									
_	-	-	•		ata Standa	rds. (Geo	coding of th	he Physical	Address may be
_	es where no	-	•	accuracy).	ongitude (W			-97.7716	
used to supply coordinat	es where no	ne have been pr 30.26409	•	accuracy).	ongitude (W	/) In Deci			
used to supply coordinat  27. Latitude (N) In Decim	es where no	ne have been pr 30.26409	rovided or to gain	28. L	ongitude (W	/) In Deci	mal:		8
27. Latitude (N) In Decim  Degrees	Minutes 30.	ne have been pr 30.26409	Seconds	28. L	ongitude (W	/) In Deci	mal: linutes	-97.7716	8 Seconds
27. Latitude (N) In Decim  Degrees  30  29. Primary SIC Code	Minutes 30.	30.26409 Secondary SIC C	Seconds	28. L Degree	ees -97 TY NAICS Co	/) In Deci	mal: linutes 32. Seco	-97.7716	8 Seconds
27. Latitude (N) In Decim  Degrees  30  29. Primary SIC Code  (4 digits)	Minutes  30.	30.26409  Secondary SIC Cligits)	Seconds Code	28. L Degree 31. Primar (5 or 6 digi	-97  TY NAICS Co	/) In Deci	mal: linutes 32. Seco	-97.7716	8 Seconds
used to supply coordinat  27. Latitude (N) In Decim  Degrees  30  29. Primary SIC Code  (4 digits)  7999	Minutes  30.	30.26409  Secondary SIC Cligits)	Seconds Code	28. L Degree 31. Primar (5 or 6 digi	-97  TY NAICS Co	/) In Deci	mal: linutes 32. Seco	-97.7716	8 Seconds
used to supply coordinat  27. Latitude (N) In Decim  Degrees  30  29. Primary SIC Code  (4 digits)  7999  33. What is the Primary I  Public Municipality	Minutes  30.	Secondary SIC Cigits)	Seconds Code	28. L Degree 31. Primar (5 or 6 digi	-97  TY NAICS Co	/) In Deci	mal: linutes 32. Seco	-97.7716	8 Seconds
used to supply coordinat  27. Latitude (N) In Decim  Degrees  30  29. Primary SIC Code  (4 digits)  7999  33. What is the Primary I	Minutes  30. (4 d	Secondary SIC Cigits)	Seconds Code	28. L Degree 31. Primar (5 or 6 digi	-97  TY NAICS Co	/) In Deci	mal: linutes 32. Seco	-97.7716	8 Seconds
used to supply coordinat  27. Latitude (N) In Decim  Degrees  30  29. Primary SIC Code  (4 digits)  7999  33. What is the Primary I  Public Municipality  34. Mailing	Minutes  30. (4 d	Secondary SIC Cigits)	Seconds Code	28. L Degree 31. Primar (5 or 6 digi	-97  TY NAICS Co	/) In Deci	mal: linutes 32. Seco	-97.7716	8 Seconds
used to supply coordinat  27. Latitude (N) In Decim  Degrees  30  29. Primary SIC Code  (4 digits)  7999  33. What is the Primary I  Public Municipality  34. Mailing	Minutes  30. (4 d	30.26409  Secondary SIC Cligits)  Chis entity? (Do	Seconds  Code	31. Primai (5 or 6 digi	ees -97 TY NAICS Co ts)	/) In Deci	mal: linutes 32. Seco	-97.7716  Ondary NAI	8 Seconds
27. Latitude (N) In Decime Degrees  30  29. Primary SIC Code (4 digits)  7999  33. What is the Primary I Public Municipality  Address:	Minutes  30. (4 d	30.26409  Secondary SIC Cligits)  Chis entity? (Do	Seconds  Code	28. L. Degree  31. Primar (5 or 6 digital) 999000 or NAICS descri	ees -97 TY NAICS Co ts)  iption.)	de	mal: linutes 32. Seco	-97.7716  pondary NAM gits)  ZIP + 4	8 Seconds

**39. TCEQ Programs and ID Numbers** Check all Programs and write in the permits/registration numbers that will be affected by the updates submitted on this form. See the Core Data Form instructions for additional guidance.

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☐ Dam Safety	Districts	Edwards Aquifer		Emissions Inventory Air	☐ Industrial Hazardous Waste		
Municipal Solid Waste	New Source Review Air	OSSF		Petroleum Storage Tank	□ PWS		
Sludge	Storm Water	☐ Title V Air		Tires	Used Oil		
☐ Voluntary Cleanup	☐ Wastewater	☐ Wastewater Agricul	ture 🔲	Water Rights	Other:		
SECTION IV: Preparer Information							
40 Name: Tom Curra	an PF		41 Title:	Senior Project Manager			

40. Name:	Tom Curran, PE	:		41. Title:	Senior Project Manager
42. Telephone	Number	43. Ext./Code	44. Fax Number	45. E-Mail <i>A</i>	Address
(512)583-2623	(512) 583-2623				infelder.com

## **SECTION V: Authorized Signature**

46. By my signature below, I certify, to the best of my knowledge, that the information provided in this form is true and complete, and that I have signature authority to submit this form on behalf of the entity specified in Section II, Field 6 and/or as required for the updates to the ID numbers identified in field 39.

Company:	City of Austin	Job Title:	Project Ma	anagement Sup	ervisor
Name (In Print):	Riley Triggs			Phone:	( 512 ) 636- <b>3521</b>
Signature:	Pilentings	Date:	11/17/2023		

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